

In today's Jordan Times...
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Jordan Times

An independent Arab political daily published by the Jordan Press Foundation
Jordanian Times: A daily newspaper published by the Jordan Press Foundation

Today's Weather
It will be warm, with northwesterly moderate winds. In Aqaba, winds will be northerly moderate and seas calm.
Overnight Low High
Daytime High
Amman 16 30
Aqaba 23 36
Deserts 16 33
Jordan Valley 22 36
Yesterday's high temperatures: Amman 29, Aqaba 35. Humidity readings: Amman 29 per cent, Aqaba 20 per cent.

Number 1772 AMMAN, WEDNESDAY SEPTEMBER 30, 1981 — DUL HUJA 2, 1401 Price: Jordan 100 fils; Syria 1 pound; Lebanon 1 pound; Saudi Arabia 1.50 riyals; UAE 1.50 dirhams; Great Britain 25 pence

Sikh hijacks Airlines

Sept. 29 (A.P.) — Indian Sikh today demanded of a hijacked Sikh a condition for release held aboard a Boeing 737. The hijackers, said to be three and five armed with knives, at least one hand-drawn by a militant of the Dal Khalsa, as a separate state in Delhi said. The Dal Khalsa was the Press Trust of India that the organized hijacking. The demand the release of the Sikh leader, Sant Bhindranwale, \$12,500 and to the families of the police officers in Punjab who were not clear what was threatened if it was not met.

Conditions inmates prisons world bodies

Sept. 29 (Petra) — women relatives in the occupied areas sent a memo to the Red Cross, to the secretary general, Secretary General of the foreign Amnesty International and other international organizations explaining the physical and psychological conditions in all the camps. The memo calls for humanitarian treatment of the prisoners since the people are still in the camps. The memo is being sent to the bodies of jurists and to treat those in serious diseases.

ighter jet Libyan plane Qadhafi

Sept. 29 (A.P.) — air force jet has a Libyan jetliner been carrying" or Col. Muammar from an official oslavina yesterday, Libyan news agency reported today. In a dispatch, JANA "attempt to American scheme of Col. Qadhafi." did not say clearly if jet fighter did what it meant by

forces recapture jan

Sept. 29 (R) — es have launched to recapture the town of Bikan from the hands of the Revolutionary Guard that governs were moving from all sides to "flush out revolutionaries." has a population of 10,000 has been in control for more than the fall of the ghoid of Mahabad ry, it has served as centre for provisions necessities needed ebels fighting the evolutionary gov- Tehran. The state- goemillas would be if they surrendered onary guard in Kurd- the province.



Hassan confers with Haig, Gromyko on Mideast issue

NEW YORK, Sept. 29 (Petra) — His Royal Highness Crown Prince Hassan met here this afternoon with U.S. Secretary of State Alexander Haig. The talks between His Highness and the U.S. secretary of state dealt with the Middle East issue and the Jordanian-American relations. Prince Hassan explained to Mr. Haig that the U.S. position of continuous support for Israel result in Israel's expanding of the scope of its aggression in the area and that peace cannot be achieved in the area without the full Israeli withdrawal from all the occupied Arab areas and giving the Palestinian people their right to self-determination on their national soil. Prince Hassan then met with Soviet Foreign Minister Andrei Gromyko. The talks dealt with relations between Jordan and the Soviet Union and the Soviet call for convening an international conference to discuss the Middle East issue with the participation of all the sides concerned with the dispute. The two meetings were attended by Foreign Minister Marwan Al Qasem and Jordan's permanent delegate to the United Nations Dr. Hazem Nuseibah. Prince Hassan will meet this evening with the Arab foreign ministers currently present in New York to attend the meetings of the U.N. General Assembly. He will also meet with the Arab permanent delegates to the United Nations.

Hosni Mubarak warns Soviet allies in Middle East, Africa

CAIRO, Sept. 29 (A.P.) — Egyptian Vice-President Hosni Mubarak warned Soviet-backed regimes in the Middle East and Africa that any move against their neighbours would be considered a direct aggression on Egypt and would be "confronted firmly." Speaking at the opening session of the second annual congress of the ruling National Democratic Party today, Mr. Mubarak directed his warning to Libya, Ethiopia and South Yemen, all of which have friendship treaties with the Soviet Union, which he referred to as the "forces of intervention." "In recent weeks the forces of intervention have stepped up their activities in the area and created a new triple alliance between countries under its influence, and planned more coordination between these countries which threatens the security and peace of their neighbours," Mr. Mubarak said referring to the recently signed friendship treaty between Libya, Ethiopia and South Yemen. "We warn the members of this unholy alliance not to make any hostile moves against any of its neighbouring countries to which we are linked by friendship, especially Sudan, Somalia and Oman, as any hostility against these countries will be considered a direct aggression on Egypt which must be confronted firmly and definitely," Mr. Mubarak said. He called on Arab, African and Islamic nations to build up their own forces, exchange expertise and share their resources to form a solid front to "confront the challenge" of foreign intervention.

Substantive agreements elude Haig, Gromyko in 9-hour talks

UNITED NATIONS, Sept. 29 (R) — Secretary of State Alexander Haig said today it remained to be seen whether his nine hours of talks with Soviet Foreign Minister Andrei Gromyko would help to reduce U.S.-Soviet tensions. Mr. Haig, who met Mr. Gromyko for the second time yesterday, said they had explored a wide range of U.S.-Soviet problems but indicated that there had been an exchange of views rather than any agreement on substantive issues. However, the two men did agree yesterday to meet early next year, perhaps in Geneva, to continue their discussions. As expected, their first meeting last Wednesday produced an agreement to start U.S.-Soviet negotiations on Nov. 30 on limiting medium range nuclear missile forces in Europe. In a television interview, Mr. Haig said he and Mr. Gromyko had decided not to make public details of their meetings, which included more than seven hours of face-to-face talks with only interpreters present. Asked whether he and Mr. Gromyko had worked towards resolving issues dividing the two countries, Mr. Haig replied: "Well, I suppose there is progress in any such communications." "But as you know, we've had a whole host of areas of tense disagreement between the two powers and we had an opportunity to explore the basis of all those issues." He said he did not believe there was less U.S.-Soviet tension today as a result of his talks. "I think the period ahead will have to reflect whether or not these discussions will have made a substantial contribution," he said. "There are still a number of issues that divide us." On the Polish situation, he said he had not spelled out the consequences of any Soviet intervention and Mr. Gromyko had given no clue as to any action Moscow might take. Mr. Haig said both sides had a "full plate" of issues to cover, but he noted specifically that the Soviet Union had a profound interest in arms control, an issue that was discussed in yesterday's meeting. The meetings were the highest-level contact with the Soviet Union since the Reagan administration took office last January and followed increasingly sharp exchanges of criticism between Washington and Moscow. Mr. Haig was noncommittal when asked whether there might be a summit meeting between President Reagan and Soviet President Leonid Brezhnev, as Mr. Reagan has suggested.

Thatcher's remarks in Kuwait draws retorts from media, PLO, Iran envoy

KUWAIT, Sept. 29 (R) — Comments on Middle East affairs by British Prime Minister Margaret Thatcher have provoked angry reaction in the Gulf newspapers, the Palestine Liberation Organisation (PLO) and the Iranian ambassador. Mrs. Thatcher told a press conference here on Sunday that her government did not have high level meetings with the PLO because of its "association with terrorism." She also said it was difficult to know who was in command in Iran. The PLO representative in Kuwait, Awni Battash, issued a statement denouncing Mrs. Thatcher. Official Kuwaiti reaction was less forthright. Chief government spokesman Abdul Aziz Hussein told reporters Britain had a moral responsibility towards the Middle East because until 1948 it had been under an international mandate. He said Britain should pay more attention to the Palestinian question. Kuwaiti leaders had asked Mrs. Thatcher to recognise the PLO as the sole legitimate representative of the Palestinians but she told the press conference this was impossible. The Iranian ambassador to Kuwait, Ali Shams, accused Mrs. Thatcher of being "uninformed," arrogant and irresponsible. He told a press conference that the British prime minister should apologise to the Iranian people for implying they did not have a government and to the Arabs for her remarks on the PLO. "Yes, we do have a government, which is an elected government... it is a popular government and it is a government which does not give a damn about the opinion of Mrs. Thatcher," Dr. Shams said. The daily Al Anba said she would never have spoken as she had "if one single Arab country had stood up and told the foreign countries that their economic interests were really connected with their public, clear and firm position on the Palestinian issue."

In first of a series of inspection tours Loyal Irbid populace greets King Hussein with enthusiasm

IRBID, Sept. 29 (Petra) — The people of Irbid Governorate displayed their loyalty and allegiance to His Majesty King Hussein today during the first of a series of visits the King will make to the various governorates in the country to get acquainted with their needs. During a mammoth ceremony in the city of Irbid, where the public squares were decorated with national flags, banners and victory arcs, people turned out in masses and thronged the streets to hail the King and to express their support for his leadership. Folklore dances were a highlight of the colourful receiving ceremony this morning, when schoolchildren and scouts and citizens lined up the streets to cheer His Majesty's motorcade. Later, at a public meeting held at the gymnasium of Yarmouk University, the King listened to the speeches of representatives of various official, professional and popular sectors. The representatives expressed their loyalty to the King and faith in the wise and sincere policy followed by His Majesty — a policy which made Jordan a unique example in the Middle East to the point that it has become — thanks to His Majesty's wise guidance, an example of security, stability and continuous progress in the educational, financial and economic fields. The speakers praised His Majesty's pan-Arab stands on the central issue of Palestine as well as Jordan's honourable stand towards fraternal Iraq which is fighting a pan-Arab battle against the Iranian aggressors. They affirmed their support of His Majesty the King in rejecting the Camp David agreements and Jordan's consistent stands on the various pan-Arab issues with the aim of rallying Arab ranks and consolidating Arab unity. His Majesty the King began his visit to the city of Irbid by meeting with its governor, "Abd Khalaf Dawidiyah, the local governors, the heads of various government departments and institutions in the governorate. Governor Dawidiyah briefed His Majesty on the governorate's projects aimed at raising the standards of the cities and villages there and raising the standard of living of the citizens there as well. During the meeting, the King called on the government officials to realise the "heavy responsibilities in confronting the dangers and challenges, not only at the present phase, but in the

community in implementation of the university motto: "The university is in the service of everyone." King Hussein contributed JD 325,000 to the city of Irbid and its districts. Of the amount, JD 200,000 will be allocated to the Municipality of Irbid, JD 20,000 to the Irbid camp, JD 10,000 to the Husn camp, JD 10,000 to the Hussein Home for the Aged, JD 25,000 to sports clubs, JD 40,000 to charitable societies and JD 20,000 to mosques. "But regardless of the injustice and aggression, evil will perish and right, justice and peace will prevail," His Majesty said. Irbid Governor Dawidiyah then addressed the rally. He reviewed Jordan's march on the path of progress and the achievements accomplished in the various fields under the wise leadership of His Majesty King Hussein which is being greatly appreciated on the Arab and international levels. The governor expressed the Jordanian citizens' pride in the leadership of King Hussein who has created for the country strength and impregnability by establishing a modern army carrying the banner of the Great Arab Revolt and defending the honour of the Arab Nation. He also praised His Majesty's pan-Arab stands, particularly as regards the central issue of Palestine and his rejection of the Camp David agreements as well as upholding the rights of the Palestinians and his continuous work for regaining the occupied areas, foremost Jerusalem. Irbid Mayor Theshat then addressed the rally. He expressed the happiness of Irbid citizens for receiving His Majesty, who is always anxious to meet with his countrymen to find out their needs and hear their aspirations. The mayor also praised Jordan's pan-Arab stands stemming from the noble heritage of its leader and people as well as His Majesty's eagerness to unify the ranks of the Arab Nation and build its self-strength to confront the challenges facing the nation. The member of the National Consultative Council (NCC) Abdul Majid Al Shreidah then spoke, pointing out the prestige which Jordan has achieved under the leadership of His Majesty the King. He also praised the pan-Arab line charted by His Majesty to defend Arab rights and the Arabs' central issue of Palestine. Mr. Shreidah also praised King Hussein's support and that of the Jordanian people of fraternal Iraq which is fighting a just war to regain its sovereignty on its territories and regional waters. He said history will never forget the noble stand of Jordan and its leader. Speaking on behalf of the badia community, engineer Hani Surur praised King Hussein's leadership and his eagerness to provide all means of prosperity and progress for Jordan and to develop the agricultural, water and animal

Education programmes

His Majesty King Hussein then visited the Yarmouk University and met with the university president, Dr. Adnan Badran, and the members of the teaching staff. Dr. Badran briefed His Majesty on the phases of the university development, the diversification of courses taught in it, its designs and future plans and the achievements accomplished at the permanent site of the campus. Dr. Badran also briefed His Majesty on the role of the university in the service of the environment and its interaction with the problems of the

Casualty figures reach 18 in Lebanon carbomb blast

BEIRUT, Sept. 29 (A.P.) — The bodies of three young girls were discovered today near the site of yesterday's carbomb explosion in the southern Lebanese village of Zrariyeh bringing the total casualty figure resulting from the blast to 18, provincial sources said. A booby-trapped car exploded near a Palestinian commando checkpoint yesterday morning at an intersection just one kilometre north of Zrariyeh which is 15 kilometres north of the southernmost Lebanese port city of Tyre. The casualty toll immediately after the explosion was 15 people killed and 40 injured. In Sidon, where a carbomb earlier this month left 25 people killed, unidentified gunmen opened fire on a joint Palestinian-leftist patrol, killing two patrolmen, the sources said. Southern Lebanon is the Palestine Liberation Organisation's main power base in the Middle East. The Sidon blast on Sept. 17 destroyed a large part of the PLO's regional headquarters in the coastal city. In Beirut, factional fighting forced the closure of the Museum Road, a main crossing point between the Christian and Muslim sectors of the capital? Beirut radios reported the clashes but gave no indication what had triggered the fighting and gave no casualty figures. (Continued on page 2)

MIDDLE EAST NEWS BRIEFS

Soviet-Egyptian association dissolved

CAIRO, Sept. 29 (R) — The Egyptian government today dissolved the Cairo-based Soviet-Egyptian Friendship Association and transferred its funds to charity, the ministry of social affairs said. Earlier this month Egypt expelled the Soviet ambassador to Cairo, six diplomats and about 1,000 Soviet civilian experts, charging that the Kremlin was engaged in a plot against President Anwar Sadat's government. The association, set up 14 years ago, was chaired by former cabinet minister Mohammad Abdul Salam Zayyat, who was among 1,500 people arrested in this month's government crackdown on religious extremists and political opponents. The friendship association's funds had been donated to a charity which helps clothe the poor, a ministry statement said.

Gulf council meeting postponed

BAHRAIN, Sept. 29 (R) — The United Arab Emirates (UAE) has agreed to a Saudi Arabian request that a summit meeting of six Gulf states scheduled for Nov. 3 in Riyadh be postponed for a week, the official Emirates news agency reported today. It quoted a foreign ministry spokesman in Abu Dhabi as saying the postponement would enable leaders of the six, grouped in the Gulf Cooperation Council (GCC), to consult on and discuss political changes in the region and the Middle East. The summit, the second since the GCC was created in May, was recommended by the foreign ministers of the group at a meeting in Taif earlier this month. The GCC consists of Saudi Arabia, the UAE, Kuwait, Qatar, Bahrain and Oman.

An Nahar raps France, Britain

BEIRUT, Sept. 29 (R) — Lebanese newspapers today criticised French and British attitudes towards the Middle East dispute. The independent newspaper An Nahar commented on the outcome of the visit of French President Francois Mitterrand to Saudi Arabia and British Prime Minister Margaret Thatcher to Bahrain and Kuwait. "Both France and Britain are expecting the Middle East crisis to cover up their aims, while fully aware of their incapability to bring about, both unilaterally and jointly as well as within the European community, any change in the American and Soviet policies," it said.

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NATIONAL

Warm Irbidi Welcome for Hussein



(Continued from page 1)



His Majesty King Hussein's visit to Irbid Tuesday was marked with the heartiest welcome which the populace in the country's northern districts accorded to the monarch. It also manifested the King's affection for the people. When the King drove through the streets of the 'Capital of the North', he greeted the cheering crowds from an



open-top car (top right). As expected, and true to fashion, King Hussein joined hands with a group of young men in a traditional dabke dance (top left). When he alighted from his car, he was greeted by a small band, drawn from an Irbid school, who played the national anthem. One of the girl guides seized the opportunity of being near the

King to embrace him (bottom left), only to have her enthusiasm reciprocated by King Hussein. At the Yarmouk University gymnasium (bottom right), King Hussein's address was frequently interrupted by enthusiastic applause.

resources in various areas of the *badia*.

Speaking on behalf of the Palestinian refugees in Irbid Governorate, Hisham Abu Sirdanah affirmed the support of the one Jordanian family under King Hussein's leadership. He said King Hussein spares no effort to support the Palestinian cause.

Speaking on behalf of the farmers, engineer Sa'ad Al Ghazzawi discussed the agricultural development projects in Jordan in general and the Jordan Valley in particular and the economic feasibility of these projects. He also hailed the government efforts to develop and improve the conditions of the farmers.

Speaking on behalf of the Jordanian Medical Association, Dr. Nabih Mu'ammir praised the efforts and instructions of King Hussein to the competent authorities to provide medical and health services to every citizen of the country. He also reviewed the phases of the development of the medical service in the country and the advanced standard Jordan has achieved in this field.

Speaking on behalf of the labour sector, Muqbil Al Momani hailed King Hussein as the pioneer of the labour movement in Jordan, and thanked him for sponsoring labour issues and constant support of workers.

Speaking on behalf of women, Mrs. Ayishah Abu Salem said at the instructions of His Majesty King Hussein, libraries have been established for women. She also hailed the steadfastness of the Arab women in the occupied areas despite the harsh conditions of the Israeli occupation.

Speaking on behalf of the students of the Yarmouk University, Zuhair Al Qudah said Yarmouk University pins great hopes on His Majesty for making the university a modern technical and scientific institution supplying trained and qualified men to contribute to the country's development process.

The rally was attended by the prime minister, the chief of the Hashemite Royal Court, the chief chamberlain, the commander-in-chief of the armed forces, the ministers, several NCC members, and civilian and military officials. The rally was also attended by thousands of citizens from the governorate, the representatives of the municipal and village councils, sports clubs, charitable societies, the labour sector, the student sector, and the teaching staff of the Yarmouk University and many Palestinian refugees.

JORDAN TIMES DAILY GUIDE

JORDAN TELEVISION

- 21:00 News Summary
- 21:03 Evening Show
- 21:57 News Headlines
- 22:00 Close down

CHANNEL 3

- 5:30 Koran
- 5:40 Cartoons
- 6:05 Children's Programme
- 6:25 BJ and the Bear
- 7:10 Local Programme
- 7:25 Local Programme
- 8:00 News in Arabic
- 8:30 Interview with the Minister of Labour on Vocational Training
- 9:10 Arabic series
- 11:10 News in Arabic

CHANNEL 6

- 6:00 French Programme
- 7:00 News in French
- 7:30 News in Hebrew
- 8:00 News in Arabic
- 8:30 Comedy
- 9:10 Dr. Quincy
- 10:00 News in English
- 10:15 The Professionals

RADIO JORDAN

- 855 KHz, AM & 99 MHz, FM
- 7:00 Sign on
- 7:01 Morning Show
- 7:30 News Bulletin
- 7:40 Morning Show
- 10:00 News Headlines
- 10:03 Morning Show
- 10:30 30 Minute Theatre
- 11:00 Signing off
- 12:00 News Headlines
- 12:03 Pop Session
- 13:00 News Summary
- 14:00 Pop Session
- 14:03 News Bulletin
- 14:10 Instrumentals
- 14:30 Andalucia
- 15:00 Concert Hour
- 15:00 News Summary
- 16:03 Instrumentals
- 16:30 Old Favourites
- 17:00 World of Arabian Music
- 17:30 Pop Session
- 18:00 News Summary
- 18:03 Story Time
- 18:30 Country Music
- 19:00 News Desk (News Bulletin, Press Review, News Reports)
- 19:10 News Reports
- 19:30 Disc
- 20:30 Evening Show

BBC WORLD SERVICE

19, 720, 1413 KHz

GMT

- 04:00 Newsdesk 04:30 Country Style 04:45 Financial News 04:55 Reflections 05:00 World News: 24 Hours News Summary 05:30 The Golden Age of Pop 05:45 The World Today 06:00 Newsdesk 06:30 From the Promenade Concerts 07:00 World News: 24 Hours News Summary 07:30 Letter from London 7:40 Book Choice 07:45 Report on Religion 08:00 World News: Reflections 08:15 Peoples' Choice 08:30 Brain of Britain 1981 09:00 World News: British Press Review 09:15 The World Today 09:30 Financial News 09:40 Look Ahead 09:45 Origins 10:15 Keynotes 10:30 Wuthering Heights 11:00 World News, News about Britain 11:15 Listening Post 11:30 Meridian 12:00 Radio Newsreel 12:15 Nature Notebook 12:25 The Farming World 12:45 Sports Round-up 13:00 World News: 24 Hours News Summary 13:30 Radio Theatre 14:15 Report on Religion 14:30 The Story Behind the Song 15:00 Radio Newsreel 15:15 Outlook 16:00 World News: Commentary 16:15 Sarah and Company 16:45 The World Today 17:00 World News: Listening Post 17:25 One in Ten 17:40 Book Choice 17:45 Sports Round-up 18:00 World News: News about Britain 18:15 Radio Newsreel 18:30 Top Twenty 19:00 Outlook 19:30 Stock Market Report: Look Ahead 19:45 Theme and Variations 20:00 World News: 24 Hours News Summary 20:30 Second Hearing: Diabetes 21:00 Network UK 21:15 Moment Musical 22:00 World News: The World Today 22:25 Paperback Choice: Financial News 22:40 Reflections 22:45 Sports Round-up 23:00 World News: Commentary 23:15 One in Ten 23:30 Top Twenty

VOICE OF AMERICA

- GMT
- 03:30 The Breakfast Show: 06:30 News, pop music, features, listeners' questions. 17:00 News Roundup: reports, opinion, analyses. 17:30 Dateline 18:00 Special English: news, feature "Space and Man." 18:30 Now Music USA 19:00 News Roundup: reports, opinion, analyses. 19:30 VOA Magazine: Americana, science, culture, letters. 20:00 Special English: news 20:15 Music USA (Jazz) 21:00 VOA World Report 22:00 News, Correspondents' reports, background features, media comments, analyses.

AMMAN AIRPORT

NOTE: The following airport arrivals and departures are provided to the Jordan Times by the Air Information department at Amman Airport, tel. 92205-6. They should always be verified by phone before the arrival or departure of the flight.

ARRIVALS:

- 7:00 Karachi (PIA)
- 7:40 Cairo (EA)
- 8:45 Cairo
- 8:55 Agaba
- 9:30 Jeddah
- 9:40 Kuwait
- 9:45 Dubai, Muscat
- 10:00 Dhahran
- 10:05 Abu Dhabi
- 10:10 Beirut
- 11:40 Cairo (EA)
- 13:00 Bucharest (Tarom)
- 14:00 Jeddah (SV)
- 15:05 Laraca (CY)
- 15:35 Kuwait (KAC)
- 16:30 Cairo
- 16:35 Athens
- 17:00 Bangkok
- 17:25 Paris (AF)
- 17:30 Zurich (SR)
- 17:40 Copenhagen, Athens
- 17:55 Cairo
- 18:00 London
- 18:00 Karachi (PIA)
- 18:30 Rome (IA)
- 19:10 Cairo (EA)
- 19:35 Frankfurt (LH)
- 20:38 Beirut (MEA)

- 20:55 London (BA)
- 23:40 Cairo (EA)
- 23:00 Baghdad
- 6:40 Cairo

DEPARTURES:

- 3:30 Cairo
- 5:15 Frankfurt (LH)
- 6:30 Beirut (EA)
- 7:00 Agaba
- 8:00 Abu Dhabi, Karachi (PIA)
- 8:05 Athens, Amsterdam (KLM)
- 8:55 Beirut (MEA)
- 9:30 London (BA)
- 11:00 Vienna, N. York, Houston
- 11:10 Athens
- 12:30 Athens, Copenhagen (SK)
- 12:40 Cairo (EA)
- 13:00 Cairo
- 14:15 Laraca, Bucharrest (Tarom)
- 15:00 Jeddah (SV)
- 16:00 Laraca (CY)
- 16:30 Kuwait (KAC)
- 18:50 Abu Dhabi
- 19:00 Karachi (PIA)
- 19:00 Kuwait
- 19:10 Bahrain, Doha
- 19:20 Dhahran
- 19:30 Jeddah
- 19:45 Baghdad
- 20:00 Cairo
- 20:30 Cairo (EA)
- 20:30 Dubai, Ras Al Khaima
- 21:55 Rawalpindi (BA)
- 01:00 Cairo (EA)

EMERGENCIES

- DOCTORS:
- Amman: Abdul Salam Al Mahsirri 77333
- Ali Al Hawamdeh 23942/62295
- Zarqa: Yahya Hussein Hajjir (Hadithah Quarter)
- Irbid: Fakhri Sweih 3240/2928

PHARMACIES:

- Amman: Al Salam 36730
- Fawzi 64216
- Adnan 39652
- Hiyam 51004

- Zarqa: Anas (-)
- Irbid: Amari 74204

TAXIS:

- Afour 33330
- Khalid 33715
- Al Shahid 21091
- Rania 25995
- Sultan 51998

CULTURAL CENTRES

- American Centre 41520
- British Council 36147-8
- French Cultural Centre 37099
- Goethe Institute 41993
- Soviet Cultural Centre 44203
- Spanish Cultural Centre 24649
- Turkish Cultural Centre 39777
- Hava Arts Centre 65195
- Al Hussein Youth City 67181
- Y.W.C.A. 41793
- Y.W.M.A. 64251
- Amman Municipal Library 36111
- University of Jordan Library 843555/843666

SERVICE CLUBS

- Lions Philadelphia Club. Meetings every second and fourth Wednesday at the Grand Palace Hotel. 1.30 p.m.
- Lions Amman Club. Meetings every first and third Wednesday at the Intercontinental Hotel. 1.30 p.m.
- Rotary Club. Meetings every Thursday at the Intercontinental Hotel. 2.00 p.m.
- Philadelphia Rotary Club. Meetings every Wednesday at the Holiday Inn. 1.30 p.m.

MUSEUMS

- Folklore Museum: Jewelry and costumes over 100 years old. Also mosaics from Madaba and Jerash (4th to 18th centuries). The Roman Theatre, Amman. Opening hours: 9.00 a.m. - 5 p.m. Year-round. Tel. 33316
- Popular Life of Jordan Museum:

100 to 150 year old items such as costumes, weapons, musical instruments, etc. Opening hours: 9.00 a.m. - 5.00 p.m. closed Tuesdays. Tel. 37169

Jordan Archaeological Museum: Has an excellent collection of the antiquities of Jordan. Jabal Al Qal'a (Citadel Hill). Opening hours: 9.00 a.m. - 5.00 p.m. (Fridays and official holidays 10.00 a.m. - 4.00 p.m.). Closed on Tuesdays.

Jordan National Gallery: Contains a collection of paintings, ceramics, and sculpture by contemporary Islamic artists from most of the Muslim countries and a collection of paintings by 19th Century orientalist artists. Muntazah, Jabal Luweibdeh. Opening hours: 10.00 a.m. - 1.30 p.m. and 3.30 p.m. - 6.00 p.m. Closed on Tuesdays Tel. 30128.

PRAYER TIMES

- Fajr 4:06
- Sunrise 5:29
- Dhuhr 11:27
- 'Asr 2:52
- Maghreb 5:24
- 'Isha 6:47

LOCAL EXCHANGE RATES

- Saudi riyal 98.6/99
- Lebanese pound 72.3/73.3

- Syrian pound 55.8/56.8
- Iraqi dinar 718.6/716
- Kuwaiti dinar 1186/1190

- Egyptian pound 371/373.3
- Omani riyal 92.1/92.6
- UAE dirham 91.4/92
- Omani riyal 969.5/975.4
- U.S. dollar 334/336
- U.K. sterling 601.2/604.8
- W. German mark 144.9/145.8

- Swiss franc 170.5/171.5
- Italian lire 28.6/28.8
- French franc 60.4/60.8
- Dutch guilder 130.1/130.9
- Swedish crown 59.9/60.3
- Belgium franc 88.6/89.1
- Japanese yen 144.7/145.6

USEFUL TELEPHONE NUMBERS

- Ambulance (government) 75111
- Civil Defence rescue 61111
- Jordan Electric Power Co. (emergency) 36381-2
- Municipal water service (emergency) 37111-3
- Police headquarters 39141
- Najdeh roving patrol rescue police, (English spoken) 24 hours a day for emergency 31111, 37777
- Airport information (ALIA) 92205/92206
- Jordan Television 73111
- Radio Jordan 74111
- Firstaid, fire, police 199
- Fire headquarters 2200
- Cablegram or telegram 18
- Telephone: Information 12
- Jordan and Middle East trunk calls 17
- Overseas radio and satellite calls 17
- Telephone maintenance and repair service 11

MARKET PRICES

- | | | | | | |
|---------------------|-----|-----|---------------------------|-----|-----|
| Tomatoes | 150 | 100 | Dates | 230 | 180 |
| Eggplant | 230 | 180 | Sweet Pepper | 180 | 200 |
| Potatoes (imported) | 120 | 100 | Bananas | 260 | 200 |
| Marrow (small) | 200 | 150 | Apples (Green) | 250 | 200 |
| Marrow (large) | 140 | 100 | Apples (Red) | 170 | 200 |
| Cucumber (small) | 240 | 200 | Apples (Golden) | 200 | 170 |
| Cucumber (large) | 180 | 120 | Apples (Starken) | 120 | 80 |
| Fagqous | 130 | 100 | Melons | 90 | 70 |
| Peas | 340 | 300 | Water Melons | 430 | 350 |
| Okra (Green) | 340 | 300 | Plums (Red) | 170 | 130 |
| Okra (Red) | 340 | 300 | Lemons | 170 | 130 |
| Muloukhiyah | 120 | 90 | Oranges (Valencia, Waxed) | 210 | 170 |
| Hot Green Pepper | 240 | 200 | Grapes | 210 | 170 |
| Cabbage | 120 | 90 | Figs | 420 | 300 |
| Onions (dry) | 100 | 70 | Pears | 400 | 350 |
| Garlic | 700 | 600 | Peach | 150 | 120 |
| Yaktin | 150 | 100 | Pomegranates | 160 | 120 |
| Jawafah | 280 | 200 | Cauliflowers | 200 | 150 |

مكتبة الامارات

Half
exam
community

Sept. 29 (Petra) — The Education today results of the gen- nity college exami- nistration giving to can- the summer session. of examinations at. Mr. Faruq Badran, tents sat for the bus- tration examination, passed — a passing per cent.

back from
logy confab
Sept. 29 (Petra) — tric Society (RSS) neral Albert Butros Amman today after in a special meeting sfer of science and hrough international es which concluded aturday.

Sept. 29 (Petra) — tric Society (RSS) neral Albert Butros Amman today after in a special meeting sfer of science and hrough international es which concluded aturday.

Zarqa society to build centre for the disabled

ZARQA, Sept. 29 (Petra) — The Zarqa society for the care of the disabled has decided to establish a centre for the rehabilitation of the disabled on land belonging to the society on the Birin road. Society president Dr. Mohammad Al Sukhn said that the new centre, which will be constructed within a year, will be supplied with equipment to help the disabled to learn and to speak, and to train them in various vocations.

Arab water resources seminar denounces Israeli canal scheme

AMMAN, Sept. 29 (Petra) — The second Arab seminar on water resources organised by the Arab Centre for the Study of Dry Regions and Arid Territories has denounced the Israeli plan to open a canal linking the Mediterranean with the Dead Sea. Dr. Abdul Aziz Al Wisha of the Natural Resources Authority (NRA), who returned to Amman from Rabat yesterday after representing Jordan at the seminar, said the 15 countries and specialised Arab and international organisations participating in the seminar passed the resolution.

between the years of seven and 15 supplied with modern aids used in the education of the disabled. Meanwhile, Zarqa District Governor Salem Al Qouda, who is the president of the district committee for the care of the disabled, said that several arts exhibitions and scouting activities have been organised on the occasion of the national fundraising week for the disabled. He added that committees formed to collect contributions for the disabled in Zarqa and Ruseifa, as well as in Birin and Azraq, are continuing their campaigns.

University students prepare renewal plans for Quweisma

AMMAN, Sept. 29 (Petra) — Amman Mayor Issam Ajlouni and the municipal council today inspected three alternate designs for the renovation of the village of Quweisma. University of Jordan President Abdul Salam Al Majali attended the meeting, which was held at the university. The 18 students of the senior class of the engineering school who made the designs told Petra, the Jordan News Agency, that they undertook the project because the school believes that it should contribute to the solution of the problems of the country. They added that the designs were made after in-depth studies of the topographic, social, cultural and industrial aspects of the area.

Mufti leaves for official week-long visit to Britain

AMMAN, Sept. 29 (J.T.) — Minister of Social Development In'am Al Mufti, left today for London on an official visit to last until Oct. 7 as the guest of the British government. While in Britain, she will discuss with ministers and officials the provision of social services in Britain, and will examine the relationship between central and local government and voluntary organisations. In the course of a very full programme of visits, Mrs. Mufti will go to a home for the handicapped, another for the blind, and projects in rehabilitation and the employment of the disabled. Among the ministers who will receive her is Mr. Douglas Hurd, minister of state at the Foreign and Commonwealth Office.

UNRWA runners set for starting gun today

AMMAN, Sept. 29 (J.T.) — The United Nations Relief and Works Agency for Palestine Refugees (UNRWA) will hold this year's "Sponsored Run" and Open Day at Amman Training Centre on Wednesday, starting at 9 a.m. for the Open Day and at 3 p.m. for the run. The run, in which 12 disabled refugees will participate along with 82 UNRWA staff members, is organised so that runners will collect money at varying rates for each kilometre completed. Here are profiles of six of the disabled runners:

JTV promises 'the best'

By Suzanne Za'mut-Black
Special to the Jordan Times
AMMAN, Sept. 29 — Jordan Television (JTV) officials promise novelty, excellence, the latest and the best on the world market during the new television programme cycle starting Thursday, Oct. 1 on both the local and foreign channels. JTV Director General Mohammad Kamal told the Jordan Times his policy is "to concentrate on quality and excellence. We have to see to it that only material fit to be shown will make its way to the screen." The viewers' actual assessment of the programmes, however, is finally left to figures and statistics. According to Dr. Marwan Khair, the director of programmes, JTV is in the process of completing a thorough study conducted by a

Jordanian consulting firm, with a sample of 2,000 people, to study public opinion regarding the programmes on Channels 3 and 6 in terms of timing and preference. The survey will start the second week of October and will cover both the old and new cycles. In the new cycle, JTV will show much less violence and a lot more comedy, which has to pass the test of respectability and sophistication. "No more rubbish," Mr. Kamal declared. "Only programmes with a social message have been chosen, and they have to meet our own moral values and our social norms." For example, a series with a high level of production was turned down "because it promotes homosexuality."

World, Poor World." It is a joint production by Belgium, Denmark, Britain, Sweden and Holland. The film has been prepared to precede the summit conference on poverty to be held in Mexico on Oct. 22 and 23. The summit will be attended by 25 leaders from both the poor and rich worlds. Another programme that promises to be a hit is the Russian Bolshoi Ballet show which will be broadcast live by satellite from Moscow on Oct. 25. On Oct. 29, Channel 6 viewers can watch a giant BBC production — a three-hour dramatised documentary on Sue, commemorating the 25th anniversary of the 1956 Suez War.

NATIONAL NEWS BRIEFS

Envoys get new posts

Sept. 29 (J.T.) — The cabinet has decided to designate ambassadors to new posts. They are Mr. Mohieddin Al to become ambassador to Morocco; Mr. Majid Al Hajj ambassador to Pakistan; Mr. Nabih Al Nimr, ambassador to Iraq; and Dr. Khaled 'Ubeidat, ambassador to Qatar.

Invitation to Argentina

Sept. 29 (J.T.) — The Amman Chamber of Industry invited an invitation from the federation of Argentine to participate in the eight international conference of associations, which will be held in Buenos Aires from 21. Chamber of Industry President Bandar Al Tabba' the chamber has circulated the invitation to the voca- sining institute, the Jordanian Engineers' Association, I Scientific Society and other concerned parties.

Illegal job brokers nailed

Sept. 29 (J.T.) — Security forces have uncovered five vice offices in Amman which have been acting as inter- for Jordanian workers who wish to travel abroad, find- jobs in return for a fee of some JD 200. The authorities ng into the activities of these offices, which will be closed t their owners referred to court.

Rules for Palestinian pilgrims

Sept. 29 (Petra) — A spokesman for the Public Sec- torate said today that it has been decided to allow from parts of Palestine occupied since 1948 to stay in s guests of their relatives under to the following con-

Ministry appointment for envoy

AMMAN, Sept. 29 (Petra) — Foreign Minister Marwan Al Qasem has appointed Ambassador Suleiman Al Dajani director of the cultural department at the Foreign Ministry. The appoint- ment has effect from today.

866 new telephone lines

AMMAN, Sept. 29 (Petra) — Communications Minister Mohammad Adouab Al Zaben, who is also chairman of the board of the Telecommunications Corporation, today presided over a meeting of the central telephone communications committee. The committee decided to install 866 new telephone lines in various parts of Amman.

Prison, fine for merchant

AMMAN, Sept. 29 (Petra) — The military court has sentenced Atwan Abdul 'Al Yousef to three months in prison and a fine of JD 10 for offering a bribe to a civil servant and neglecting to pay the prices of the fruits and vegetables he was selling. The military governor today approved the sentence.

ALTHOUGH PARALYSED, five youngsters are going to take part in UNRWA's Sponsored Run on Wednesday. They are not able to run, but they will use their wheelchairs to go around the not-too-smooth running track. They may well be the first people to take part in such an event in Jordan — and they are in any case to be congratulated for their courage.

Abdul Rahim Kokash is the youngest, only 11 years old. His family, who live in Salt, came originally from Nablus. He had poliomyelitis at the age of four, and was first admitted to the Rehabilitation Society at Ashrafyah. Then, in 1979, he was placed at the Hussein Rehabilitation Society for physiotherapy. He is receiving schooling at the same centre, and has shown very good results in his class.

Shadia Mohammad Al Qudabi is 19 years old. She has been suffering from poliomyelitis since the age of five. Until this year she had not received any education; now she is training in sewing and handicrafts at Al Hussein Rehabilitation Centre. She earnestly hopes that she will soon be able to benefit from the sewing lessons and become useful to herself and to her family.

Thana' Halaseh is from Karak. She is 13 years old, although she looks much older. She had poliomyelitis at the age of one. She is now in the sixth elementary class of Al Hussein Rehabilitation Centre. She enjoys learning music. She faces her life with courage and optimism, and is full of hope for her future.

Mohammad Awad Suleiman is 14 years old. He has 11 sisters and brothers, who all live in Madaba with his mother. His father died some years ago. He has been suffering from poliomyelitis since the age of one. He first joined the Rehabilitation Centre at Ashrafyah Hospital, then Al Hussein Rehabilitation Society. He is in the fourth elementary class. He hopes to be able to support himself and become in some way useful to others.

Tareq Maghayreh has been suffering from poliomyelitis since birth. He has four brothers and five sisters. His father works as a driver. Twelve years old, Tareq looks very intelligent, and he is showing good results in the fourth elementary class at Al Hussein Rehabilitation Society. His aim for the future is to be able to take care of other paralysed children.

Another youngster who wants to help others, although disabled is Ihab Abu Awwad. He will be able to run, as his disability is that he cannot hear or speak; so apart from his age, he will be able to compete on equal terms with the other runners.

Ihab is 16 years old and suffers from congenital deafness. After having completed the elementary cycle he was admitted to the Salt Institute for the Deaf, where he receives vocational training.

Languages: the next best thing to being there

INGTON — The best place to learn a language is in the culture where it is spoken, says Dr. Thomas Naff, an American who should know. He is a language scholar and an East specialist.

Dr. Naff is director of the Centre for Internationalising Education at the University of Pennsylvania. He is also chairman of the National Commission for Internationalising Education Through Satellites, a programme of language teaching and learning through satellite television. Dr. Naff has been teaching live satellite programmes to students in live contact with their peers in other countries through live satellite programmes. In a view, he explained, the next best thing to being there is to be in live contact with someone who speaks the language. "This method of teaching can be used by schools, government agencies and private corporations," Dr. Naff said. "The idea is to help break down stereotypes, but the system is not a panacea. It is merely a significant contribution to the teaching process. We have found it to be successful anywhere. It can be adapted by the teacher and works in all cultural settings." On Sept. 27, Dr. Naff began a tour of the Middle East sponsored by the United States International Communication Agency. He has been asked to demonstrate the

satellite programme and lecture on the Middle East peace process and security in the area. "I will present diagrams and provide demonstrations of language teaching live by satellite," Dr. Naff said. He said that the National Commission for Internationalising Education Through Satellites is aided by eight partners in the United States with additional colleagues in Kuwait, Mexico, Costa Rica and Venezuela. "Our partners design programmes, testing and evaluating procedures," Dr. Naff said. "They set up the two-way visits by satellite a year in advance."

"During my trip," Dr. Naff continued, "I will visit our Middle East partner, Kuwait. Jordan is also interested and will be coming into the programme. We would be delighted to hear from anyone else working in the language training field," he said. "We want to know what others are doing and exchange information about new techniques." Asked about the cost of the satellite teaching programme, Dr. Naff admitted that using electronics for live interaction can be expensive. "But we think we have solved that problem," he said. "The cost is now \$2.17 per broadcast-hour per student. Besides, you must look on the price as based on the amount of learning that results. Bear in mind that the student will master a language in less time using satellite transmissions than the traditional book-study method. So it is very cost-effective."

The programme is receiving funds from the U.S. government's National Endowment for the Humanities and the United States

currently being tested in three languages and cultures: English, Spanish and Arabic. Dr. Naff said that spot tests have shown that "so far all our hypotheses bear out. Now we plan a 12-month test series to be used by a student population of about 12,000 in the United States and abroad."

Following the one-year test, the group hopes to run a two-year demonstration. If all goes well and the tests prove cost and learning effectiveness, the Naff organisation expects to put the system to work in high schools and colleges. Dr. Naff was also asked about

Dr. Thomas Naff, the American scholar whose work is described in this article, will arrive in Jordan on Thursday, Oct 1.

learn more about how other cultures react to us and our way of life." Dr. Naff said that United States government-sponsored language courses for graduate students and government officials are training people efficiently to use languages overseas. "It is the language training for high school and college students we are working to improve," he explained. According to test results, Dr. Naff reported, undergraduate students can become functional and maintain use of the new language more efficiently through satellite training. The system is his opinions on the outcome of the current Camp David peace process. He admitted that "military security issues in the area are very complex," and called for "more diplomatic flexibility with other parties." He explained that some Arab states have signalled that they are willing to talk "if the United States can make it possible." Dr. Naff, who went to Jerusalem last year, has lectured at American University in Cairo, Ankara University, Damascus University, the University of Jordan and King Abdul Aziz University in Jeddah.

WHAT'S GOING ON

- Play**
 - * The Amman players present "Bell, Book and Candle," a comedy by John van Druten at the Jabal Luweibdeh Theatre at 8 p.m. Tickets (JD 1 each) are available at the theatre.
- Painting exhibitions**
 - * By Adibeh F. Al Qadi, at the British Council.
 - * By Juliana Seraphim, at the Jordan National Gallery, Jabal Luweibdeh.
 - * "Resonances", an exhibition of American art, contrasting the old and the new, through photographic reproductions at the Jordan Artists' Association Gallery in Jabal Luweibdeh.
- UNRWA day**
 - * The United Nations Relief and Works Agency for Palestine Refugees will hold a "Sponsored Run" starting at 3 p.m. and Open Day, at 9 p.m., at the Amman Training Centre on the Na'our road.

ARE YOU...

Staging a play? Putting on a concert? Delivering a lecture? Organising any non-profit activity open to the public? Do you have any kind of event to announce to the Jordan Times' readers? The What's Going On listing is always open to receive entries, preferably written ones, in English or Arabic... free of charge. Entries should be received at the Jordan Times office, by hand or by mail, at least 24 hours before the scheduled event. Let us know!



—USICA feature

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SCIENCE & INDUSTRY

The child labour force

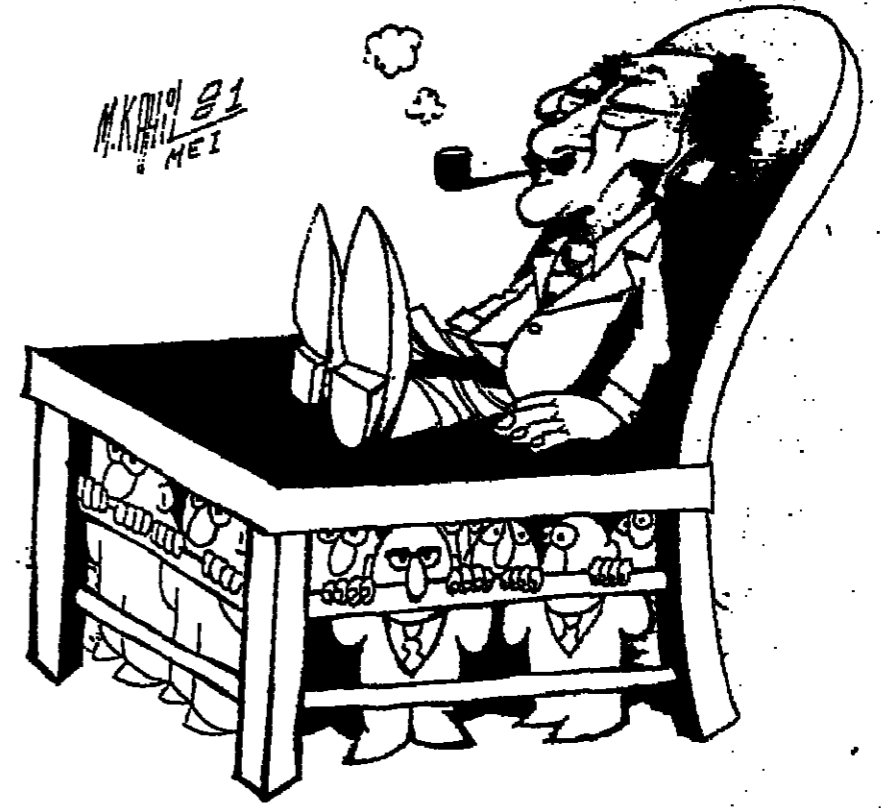
By Dr. Awn Rifai

THE TREND of children starting their working life at an early age still exists in Jordan. Despite some measures taken by the official authorities, the child labour force is still being exploited, to the disadvantage of the country and of the children themselves.

from the social or other restrictions that they so much hate. The lack of awareness and the low level of education help to spread this trend to relatives, neighbours, friends and to other communities.

not be correct or based on scientific and logical thinking; his performance deteriorates, and he loses his capability to develop his mental power.

Sadat tightens his grip



By Anthony McDermott
Financial Times news feature

CAIRO: "Do not fear that we shall be having a Khomeini here." "Egypt is the island of stability in a very troubled area."

and failure to understand that Egypt had both democracy and stability. There have also been accusations of East bloc plots culminating in the expulsion of nine Soviet diplomats, including the ambassador, journalists and 1,000 or so Soviet experts involved in civilian projects here, and the reduction of the Soviet embassy's overall size.

Central Security Organisation equipped with visored helmets and staves are much more in evidence than before. Still the atmosphere stops short of that during Nasser's era when fear of the knock on the door late at night and of being overheard were constant features of life.

Two worlds

THE MEETING between U.S. Secretary of State Alexander Haig and his Soviet counterpart Mr. Andrei Gromyko in New York on Monday has resulted in the decision to have another meeting between the two early next year, probably in Geneva.

Yet, at about the same time the Haig-Gromyko meeting was taking place, Crown Prince Hassan was addressing the 36th session of the U.N. General Assembly and calling for a new international humanitarian order.

In essence, this episode proves the validity of what the Crown Prince meant when he singled out the divergence between the shared aspirations for a world ruled by peace and justice, and the existing reality where power rules and the politics of fait accompli dominates.

Germans take to the streets

West Germany's anti-U.S. anti-nuclear protest movement is causing the left-of-centre coalition Government of Chancellor Helmut Schmidt special problems.

By Roger Boyes
Financial Times news feature

BONN: U.S. State Department speechwriters, a troubled band, were recently given a complex brief. It was to draw up a major policy speech for Mr. Alexander Haig, Secretary of State, to be delivered in Berlin, expressing the usual Kennedy-like commitment to the city, attacking Soviet military power and extolling virtues of NATO.

ment is more of a reflection of a new generation that sees its welfare state induced values under threat, feels exposed and wants to minimise risk of nuclear destruction. This means opposition to some technological change, above all nuclear power, opposing all forms of social welfare cuts and opposing nuclear weapons.

stretch to terrorism. While it might provide sufficient sympathisers to feed and shelter the dozen hard-core terrorists now on the run, the movement can hardly be described as a "breeding ground" as the opposition Christian Democrats claim it is.

Meanwhile, the armed forces are with him, and ordinary Egyptians tend to go along with his decisions as long as life does not become too expensive. But he clearly intends to govern with a firmer hand than has been the case in the recent past.

ARAB PRESS COMMENTARY

Calling for new world order

AL RA'I: The speech which His Royal Highness Crown Prince Hassan delivered to the U.N. General Assembly's 36th session was characterised by a clear, comprehensive outlook aimed at building a world governed by peace and justice, not by force or the policy of fait accompli.

This outlook was enforced by a call which His Royal Highness made for a new international humanitarian order laying down the principles which should govern relations between the countries of the world.

In addition to this call, Crown Prince Hassan highlighted in his speech the crux of the problem in our area represented by Israel's expansionist practices and desire to dominate. Crown Prince Hassan gave examples of such practices which took place in front of all the world, foremost of which is the annexation of Jerusalem, the construction of settlements, the beginning of the implementation of the Med-Dead canal, and the attack on the Iraqi nuclear reactor.

Israel has used this support and aid which is receiving from the United States as an element of strength helping it to continue its practices and defiance of the will of the international community to the point where Israel's military conventional and nuclear power has become a threat to the entire area.

The speech of Crown Prince Hassan to the U.N. General Assembly is a reminder to the international community of its responsibilities to establish just and comprehensive peace in the area.

AL DUSTOUR: The significance of the speech which Crown Prince Hassan made to the U.N. General Assembly is that it stressed the significance of establishing relations between peoples and states on humanitarian basis and not on the basis of aggression based on brute force.

No doubt, the civilised concepts forwarded by the Crown Prince to the international community would strengthen the Jordanian and Arab position which is based on seeking to achieve justice and peace. Meanwhile, the speech reveals the reality of the destructive role Israel is playing in the area, depending on an increasing military strength and an aggressive, expansionist trend seeking to dominate the area to compromise the national identity of the Palestinian people and to devour their lands without paying any attention to the harm and destitution it has inflicted on this people.

The question is: will the United States act to avert the catastrophe and prompt the United States to follow an even-handed policy by applying pressure on Israel to become responsive to the will of the international community in establishing peace? The answer certainly depends on the Arabs' ability to act within the international organisation and outside it to prompt the international community to shoulder its responsibility in rectifying the wrong and unfair policy against the Palestinian people.

There is a definite frontier between inter-governmental differences and the peace movement. A strong majority in the coalition still favours the stationing of U.S. missiles in West Germany — though many hope that negotiations between Washington and Moscow will make them unnecessary.

There is growing concern at the high U.S. interest rates, but also a growing awareness that not much can be done about them. There is bickering over the level of West German defence spending and there is a fundamental difference about the significance of East-West trade and foreign aid.

These nuances and shades in the coalition dialogue become crude stereotypes by the time they percolate through to the "peace movement". Suddenly it is U.S. not Soviet missiles that threaten West Germany. The protesters argue that the U.S. is to blame for making West Germany Soviet target because its Pershing and Cruise missiles directly threaten the Soviet Union.

But it would be wrong to think of the peace movement — an agglomeration of left-wing and church groups — as a dupe of Soviet foreign policy. The move-

It is a facile shift, but one that the German government unwittingly encourages by not making clear the demarcation between popular anti-American protest and its own relatively mild criticisms of the Reagan administration's policies.

A sense of West Germany's limited sovereignty is another element which fuels the peace movement.

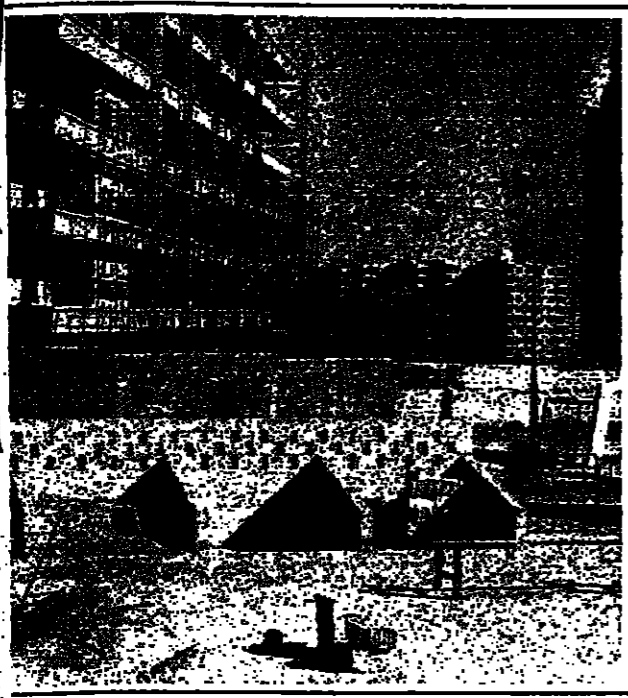
There is also a feeling in the movement that many of the world's problems are out of the control of the West German government. Multinationals determine the level of pollution, the world recession determines the health of the West German economy. This leads to estrangement between the electorate and established political parties.

That mood, however, does not



مكتبة الامم

Construction attracts young refugees in Syria



Workshop for UNRWA's Damascus VTC

In a generation, the Palestinian refugee community living in the Syrian Arab Republic had to transform itself. Those who were forced to move to the Syria after 1948 were mainly from rural backgrounds with agriculture as their livelihood. But today only eight per cent of them work in agriculture while more than 49 per cent of the Syrian work force are in the agricultural sector of the economy. The story is different in the construction and building trades where there are proportionately two and a half times as many Palestinians as there are Syrians.

Palestinians, refugees or not, enjoy almost the same rights as Syrians. However, as foreigners they can only own one residence and cannot own agricultural land. Nevertheless, they have been able to make an important contribution to the nation.

and industry and construction are the main sectors where Palestinian refugees work. In construction, there are 7,800 Palestinians or 18 per cent of the Palestinian work force. This is 7.3 per cent of the total construction work force in Syria.

Community and social services Part of the explanation for this

is the dynamic growth of construction in the past few years. The land area opened up for non-residential construction has increased by 46 times from 64 hectares in 1965 to 2,936 hectares in 1978, and has multiplied by seven for residential construction. One only has to see the sprawling suburbs of Damascus as evidence.

Standing symbolically at the end of the broad "Mazze" avenue leading out of the city and lined with tall buildings, is UNRWA's Damascus Vocational Training Centre. This centre, opened in 1961, has trained around four thousand young refugees for work in the construction industry, plus many other skilled tradesmen. These bricklayers, plumbers, carpenters, building technicians and architectural draughtsmen of tomorrow, young men — and for

the last few years young women — know why they chose the UNRWA centre. "After two years of study at the centre, I will earn as much as I would after studying for six years to become an architect," says Fouad Sharani, 20, a student in the construction technician course.

"Syria today has become the land of the technician," affirms Mahmoud Tayem, the centre's principal. "We have thousands of applicants because they know that on graduation our diplomas will allow them to get jobs paying thousands of Syrian pounds a month, and for a young refugee, that has its importance."

The centre has grown from 177 places the first year to 558 today in courses ranging from auto mechanics, radio and TV repairmen, assistant pharmacists, as well

as the building trades already mentioned. In the last few years the construction technician and architectural draughtsman courses have doubled in size. The centre is currently undergoing a further expansion. Thanks to a special grant from the OPEC Fund, the capacity of the centre will increase to 720 places in 1982/83.

Another reason for the success of young Palestinian refugees in the building trades is the attraction of young Syrians to universities and more prestigious professions. "Everybody here wants to become a doctor or an architect just when we are short of skilled workers," says Ahmad Nazir, director of planning at the ministry of education. The ministry is trying to reverse the trend by introducing manual work in

schools and colleges and the next five-year plan foresees an increase of eight per cent in technical training compared with general secondary education. Five training institutes will be created for the purpose. "UNRWA has played a pioneering role in skills training," says Mr. Nazir.

This orientation has done nothing to hold back the ambitions of young refugees graduating from UNRWA's seven vocational training centres in the Middle East. Many have used their training and their work to make some money and then later continue study engineering or other degree courses.

UNRWA/1000



Scene "Mazze" avenue: a symbol of the strong expansion of construction in Syria



Since 1961, the UNRWA's Damascus VTC has trained 4000 refugees for work in the construction industry.

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Stock markets recover their nerve

LONDON, Sept. 29 (R) — Stock markets recovered their nerve and rose strongly in most financial centres today with London and Tokyo making record leaps that erased all of yesterday's losses.

The turnaround was sparked by a late surge on Wall Street yesterday and general bargain-hunting. But the Hong Kong market fell again and some financial analysts were still cautious about whether the recent world slide in share prices was over.

But, like yesterday, it was a day for the record books. The London Financial Times (F.T.) index posted the biggest gain in its first hour in its history when the 30-share measure jumped 24.3 points. Yesterday it fell 23.6 points in the first hour, the worst trauma since 1974.

The market steadied after today's opening burst and prices were trimmed back although dealers said the underlying trend was firm. At 2 p.m. (1300 GMT), the F.T. index was up 21.9 points at 479.4 but still some 70 points below the level of two weeks ago and 20 per cent down on last April's record 597.

Some industrial companies made spectacular gains today with electrical giant General Electric rising 44 pence to 684 in five minutes, although the rise was later cut back to almost half.

"After the panic rush to get out yesterday, it looks like a panic scramble to get back in today," said one stockbroker at the height of the early pandemonium on the stock exchange floor.

The Frankfurt market also surged today with share prices recovering most of yesterday's losses, although dealers called it a purely

technical reaction. The Commerzbank index rose 12.2 points to 681.3 after falling 13.3 yesterday.

Paris shares recovered most of yesterday's lost ground and Zurich prices also closed broadly higher.

In Tokyo the stock market reversed course in spectacular fashion, influenced by overnight events on Wall Street. The market index posted the biggest rise in its history, putting on 320.56 to reach 7,357.68 after its record fall of 302.84 yesterday.

But although the buying spree went on all day, Tokyo analysts said there is still some selling sentiment overhanging the market and there could be further declines.

The buying was helped eight Japanese stock exchanges lowering the margin requirement, the amount of cash to be paid immediately on buying shares, to 30 per cent from 40 per cent after yesterday's sell-off.

Japanese experts believe the economy is attractive enough to tempt foreign buyers in the next few months but said foreign interest today was by bargain hunters.

The Hang Seng index, the main measure of the Hong Kong stock market, fell 27.06 points to 1,218.20 and some experts said the index might fall as low as 950 if the 1,200-level is breached.

Australian markets were also cautious and prices fell in late trading in Sydney, trimming the gain in the market index to 4.7 points on the day after being more than eight points up.

The reversal of the selling trend on Wall Street yesterday upset a prediction by U.S. investment adviser Joe Granville who had said that Monday would be a very bad day for the U.S. market.

Mr. Granville said in a Washington television interview today that the trend for worldwide stock prices remains downward and yesterday's rise on Wall Street was a one-day bounce.

He said he did not see a major bottoming-out of world stock prices until next year although a short-term rally was possible before the end of 1981.

Kuwait, Oman trim oil prices

BAHRAIN, Sept. 29 (R) — Kuwait and Oman have trimmed their oil prices according to industry reports today, and oil market analysts in the Gulf said this would put pressure on other exporters in the area to cut prices too.

Saudi Oil Minister Ahmed Zaki Yamani has said Saudi Arabia, the biggest exporter, is having no trouble selling huge volumes at its low price of \$32 a barrel. But smaller Gulf states who charge more are struggling to cope with the present oil glut, each waiting for another to take a lead in trimming prices, the analysts said.

The Middle East Economic Survey (MEES), an oil newsletter, reported that Kuwait had effectively done so by offering easier credit terms. These resulted in a discount of up to \$1.10 a barrel off its \$35.50 price from next month.

Oman, which unlike Kuwait is not a member of OPEC (the Organisation of Petroleum Exporting Countries), meanwhile cut the price of oil going to Japan between October and December by \$1.5 to \$3.4. Japanese officials in Tokyo said.

Pressure for price cuts grew after Nigeria, hardest hit by the glut of OPEC's 13 members, last month announced a four dollars a barrel discount on its above-average \$40 price. Industry sources in London said this enabled it to boost output towards one million barrels daily, from half that in mid-summer.

Two other African countries, Libya and Algeria, which also charge \$40, offered to barter goods for their crude, which analysts said offers scope for hidden discounts.

The smaller Gulf countries align quotes on base rates of \$35 or \$36 a barrel. Gulf analysts said they were a little surprised that Kuwait had trimmed first, after it fought hard although without success earlier this year to make buyers pay premiums on top of contract prices.

But Kuwaiti output has tumbled with customers refusing to pay even the official price and following a refinery fire. The analysts calculated that last month output was below 600,000 barrels a day (b/d) from an official 1.25 million b/d ceiling.

They said that was not enough to meet requirements for gas produced in association with oil and Kuwait imported liquefied petroleum gas from Saudi Arabia and Australia.

The analysts said attention would now focus on the United Arab Emirates (UAE), which charges \$36.56 a barrel for its main Abu Dhabi crude. Output is roughly 1.4 million b/d, they estimated.

UAE oil ministry officials declined today to comment on prices, but Oil Minister Mana Said Al Oteiba strongly supported Saudi Oil Minister Ahmed Zaki Yamani at an OPEC meeting in Geneva last month in saying that

the average price of OPEC oil should fall.

Qatar, producing only about 400,000 b/d, was likely to follow the lead of its neighbours, the analysts forecast. It charges over \$37 a barrel.

The analysts said one factor in the countries' plans would be the level of Saudi Arabian production for October.

Saudi Arabia, the world's largest exporter, cut output by one million b/d to about 9.2 million b/d for September, but Sheikh Yamani has said October's output would be reviewed in the light of market conditions. The level will not be announced until the end of October.

Sheikh Yamani said yesterday in London that he was hopeful OPEC could agree on a unified pricing system by the end of this year, but did not predict what the floor price would be.

In first reactions, British Petroleum said in London Kuwait's offer was not acceptable and industry sources said B.P., buying

50,000 barrels daily of Kuwait oil, was expected to press further price shaving.

B.P. meanwhile pressed for cut prices of \$36 and \$37 a barrel failing which, the sources added, contract for 65,000 b/d would be renewed for the time when it expires tomorrow.

B.P.'s hand in the buyer against higher prices is strengthened by a policy of diversifying crude purchases away from OPEC suppliers. It has just started buying 20,000 b/d from Mexico's Royal Dutch/Shell, the European-based oil company announced today that it is becoming a Mexican customer and will buy 50,000 b/d for this year while hoping to do the volume in 1982.

The Anglo-Dutch group's world's second biggest oil company after Exxon Corp. depended heavily on OPEC oil in the Middle East in 1980 but has been diversifying crude sources. It produces from the North Sea and in Nigeria.

LONDON EXCHANGE RATES

LONDON, Sept. 29 (R) — Following are the buying and selling for leading world currencies and gold against the dollar at the close of trading on the London foreign exchange and bullion markets today.

One sterling	1.7945/65	U.S. dollar
One U.S. dollar	1.2030/33	Canadian dollar
	2.3080/95	West German mark
	2.5670/5700	Dutch guilders
	1.9620/40	Swiss francs
	37.77/82	Belgian francs
	5.5250/5300	French francs
	1168.50/1169.50	Italian lire
	231.55/75	Japanese yen
	5.59235/55	Swedish crowns
	5.9235/55	Norwegian crowns
	7.2420/70	Danish crowns
One ounce of gold	431.00/432.00	U.S. dollars

LONDON STOCK MARKET

LONDON, Sept. 29 (R) — Stock prices closed higher, helped by the gain on Wall Street yesterday which was followed by a firm trend in Tokyo.

Dealers said the initial mark-up was overdone, prices came back a little and an irregular trend followed, but most recovered yesterday's losses. At 1500 hours the Financial Times 30-share index was up 18.2 at 475.7 having scored a record opening gain of 24.3 at 1000.

GECC ended a net 22p higher at 662, having traded as high as 684, while ICI finished 8p up on balance at 254 after 262.

Government bonds were also off best levels, with net rises of 7/16 noted. Gold shares firmed as much as four dollars a North American issues moved up as well. Glaxo, Unilver, B.I. Circle, Bowater, Plessey, Thorn EMI and Hawker gained between 12p and 17p while GKN, Tube Investments and BOC were 10p higher apiece. Dunlop firmed to 73 after it agreed to sell its per cent holding in Dunlop Estates Berhard but later eased close at 65p.

Dalgety closed 18p higher partly influenced by higher full year earnings. John Laing and Ready Mixed Concrete report inter results and closed 5p and 16p higher respectively.

B.P. closed unchanged in firm oils at 254 where range gain 67p to 445p. Banks and insurances followed the general high trend.

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Reagan tells poor states not to rely on aid

WASHINGTON, Sept. 29 (A.P.) — U.S. President Ronald Reagan told the annual meeting of the International Monetary Fund and the World Bank today that massive foreign aid is not the key to prosperity for the poor nations of the world.

"Unless a nation puts its own financial and economic house in order, no amount of foreign aid will produce progress," Mr. Reagan said in prepared remarks.

Mr. Reagan spoke before an audience of finance ministers and central bank governors from 141 nations at the official opening of the annual meeting of the bank and the fund.

This year's meetings taking place against a background of

unusually bleak forecasts for the world economy, and Mr. Reagan made it clear he believes undisciplined economic policies by individual countries are to blame.

"The most important contribution any country can make to world development is to pursue sound economic policies at home," he said.

"Regrettably, many industrial countries, including my own, have not made this contribution in the recent past. We have overspent, overtaxed and overregulated, with the result being slow growth and soaring inflation.

Some delegates here predicted this year's annual fund-bank meeting would be stormier than usual because of the general

unwillingness of industrialised countries, particularly the United States, to meet the demands of poorer nations.

Representatives of 24 developing nations, meeting over the weekend, said they "deplored the apparent unwillingness of developed countries to pursue policies supportive of international development."

Before Tuesday's opening session U.S. Treasury Secretary Donald Regan made it clear the United States planned to place new emphasis at this year's meeting on encouraging a more active private sector role in the developing countries. He also called for greater discipline in the lending operations of the bank and the

fund. In his prepared remarks, Mr. Regan delivered a ringing defence of free enterprise.

"The societies which have achieved the most spectacular, broad-based economic progress in the shortest period of time are not the most tightly controlled, nor necessarily the biggest in size, or the wealthiest in resources," he said.

"No, what unites them all is their willingness to believe in the magic of the market place."

He also said that a growing, prosperous U.S. economy can do more to enhance development in other countries than any other factor because it will mean increased trading opportunities.

"America now receives half of all non-OPEC developing country exports of manufactured goods to all industrialised countries," he said.

His speech seemed calculated to lower expectations of developing countries that he might propose a major new programme at the North-South summit meeting in Cancun, Mexico, three weeks from now.

That meeting will be attended by leaders from 22 nations.

He made no specific promises beyond stressing his commitment to a pragmatic search for solutions to produce lasting results.

U.S. mortgage organisations in trouble -- gov't

WASHINGTON, Sept. 29 (R) — The savings organisations which provide most U.S. homebuyers with their mortgages lost \$1.5 billion during the first six months of this year because of high interest rates, the government said.

The Federal Home Loan Bank Board said nearly 70 per cent of the savings and loan associations it regulates lost money during the first half of the year, twice as many as in the previous six months.

Savings associations have had to pay record high interest rates to attract funds while getting lower returns on money loaned for long-term mortgages.

Associations paid an average of 10.31 per cent for funds during the first six months, but the average return on mortgages in the same period was 9.72 per cent.

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Handwritten signature or note at the bottom of the page.

European soccer clubs clash for cup honours

Sept. 29 (R) — Most soccer clubs should cruise through tomorrow's 56-match soccer programme to places in Friday's 1 draw in Zurich.

The Juventus line-up reads like a 'who's who' of Italian football. Three other former winners will be in action, although the 1967 champions Celtic of Scotland look to be heading in the general direction of the door marked 'exit'.

The inexperienced young Celtic side, defending a slender 1-0 advantage, face an ordeal of noise from the vociferous Italian fans of Juventus in Turin's Stadio Comunale.

But they have made a lightning start in the League by winning their first three games and scoring 10 goals, a deluge by Italian standards.

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But the man Celtic will fear most is Irish midfielder Liam Brady, top scorer in Juventus's championship winning side last season.

While Celtic walk the tight-ropes, Portugal's Benfica and Bayern Munich of West Germany should advance easily.

Bayern, champions in the years 1974-76, entertain Sweden's Osters, already ahead, while Portugal travel to Cyprus with a 3-0 advantage over Omonia Nicosia.

Benfica are some way short of the standard set by their illustrious predecessors of 1961 and 1962, but with players of the calibre of Humberto, Alves, Nene and Chalana, they are still a force to be reckoned with.

The sad decline of Dutch football is likely to continue in the Cup-Winners Cup.

Ajax of Amsterdam brought a rare spell of magic to the game with their three European Cup wins in the early 1970's. But they face an embarrassing first round defeat at the hands of English Cup Winners Tottenham.

Tottenham won 3-1 in Amsterdam and are unlikely to surrender that advantage in London.

Dynamo Tbilisi offered a measure of hope that they could emerge as the Ajax of the 1980's with their sparkling Cup-Winners Cup triumph last season.

As usual, the UEFA Cup provides a wealth of ties rich in interest.

Holders Ipswich could face a sombre journey home from Scotland where they meet Aberdeen who produced their best ever European performance when they held the English League leaders 1-1 away from home in the first leg.

The battle could be decided in midfield where Ipswich's Dutch duo Frans Thijssen and Arnold Muhren will clash with the exciting little Scottish international Gordon Strachan.

West Germany's Hamburg are also under threat. They lost 1-0 at home in Utrecht of the Netherlands in the first leg and only a major reversal of that form will see them progress to the second round.

Liverpool's 'Shanks' dies

LIVERPOOL, Sept. 29 (R) — Bill Shankly, former manager of Liverpool who moulded the Merseyside club into one of the world's greatest soccer teams, died in hospital today aged 67.

Doctors said Shankly, who was admitted to hospital after a heart attack on Saturday, died after a second attack this morning only hours after he had been sitting up in bed joking with nurses.

'Shanks', as he was known to Liverpool fans, loomed larger than life in footballing circles far beyond England.

Shankly took over Liverpool in 1959 when they were struggling in the second division and led them to three League championships, two Football Association (FA) Cup wins and a UEFA Cup triumph.

Over the years he proved the shrewdest of operators in the transfer market. He brought to Merseyside for modest sums from small clubs star players as Kevin Keegan and Ray Clemence, both still England stars.

Springboks eventually leave U.S.

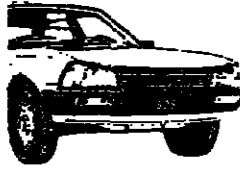
NEW YORK, Sept. 29 (R) — South Africa's Springbok rugby team, guarded by more than 100 police, took off for home last night, ending a three-game U.S. tour marked by court cases, bombings and violent anti-apartheid protest.

The 32 players and four officials were escorted from their hotel to the Kennedy Airport terminal where police ringed the area as they boarded a South African Airways plane and left for Johannesburg.

Anti-apartheid demonstrators who had staked out the airport on a previous night in case the team left in secret, were deliberately absent at the departure tonight.

The Stop the Apartheid Rugby Tour (SART) spokesman said: "We believe in the resolutions of the United Nations which call for the total isolation of South Africa. Therefore, we have chosen to isolate them."

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Tender No. TCC 1/81

The telecommunications Corporation of Jordan announces the extension of the closing date for the above mentioned Tender upto 5th of December, 1981, to enable the greatest number of bidders to participate in the Tender.

TCC has clarified the possibility of submission of other alternative systems suitable for the project.

Further information can be obtained from the Secretary of Tender Committee at TCC Headquarters, Jabal Amman, Third Circle.

Eng. Mohammad Shahid Ismail
Director General

FIFA recommend ban on kissing

ZURICH, Sept. 29 (R) — The International Football Federation (FIFA) called today for a ban on hugging and kissing by professional footballers when a goal is scored. It also condemned 'unmanly and often provocative gestures by goalscorers.'

The FIFA spokesman, Rene Courte, asked in the official bulletin: "Can it be that in modern football goals have become so rare that scenes must occur every time one is scored?"

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GOREN BRIDGE

BY CHARLES H. GOREN
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started with a trump-declarer captured the queen with the king and cashed the ace, to learn of the bad break.

At trick three declarer led a low diamond and finessed the ten! The king of spades was led from dummy and, when East played low declarer ruffed. He reentered dummy with the king of diamonds for another spade ruff, and then crossed to the ace of diamonds.

Declarer now ruffed another spade from dummy. Then he simply exited with a club and sat back to wait to score his J-9 of trumps. In all, declarer took seven trump tricks and three diamonds.

How important Collings' play at trick three was, was highlighted at the table where the eventual winners, E. Shauffel and J. Frydrieh of Israel, were defending against the same trump lead. Here, declarer took a "safety" play at trick three by crossing to the king of diamonds to lead a spade. He ruffed in his hand and led a low diamond. Now Frydrieh, West, made a fine defensive play—he rose with the queen!

That eliminated one of declarer's entries for his trump reduction and, as a result, he lost three club tricks and a trump for down one!

Some 20 years ago, a young Englishman burst onto the international scene with brilliant card play and eccentric bidding. Today, John Collings has settled down, but his card play is as sharp as ever, as this hand from the 1981 Israel Bridge Festival shows.

At this vulnerability, the usual opening bid was three hearts. However, Collings opened four hearts and West, reluctant to lead from one of his holdings in the plain suits,

Peanuts



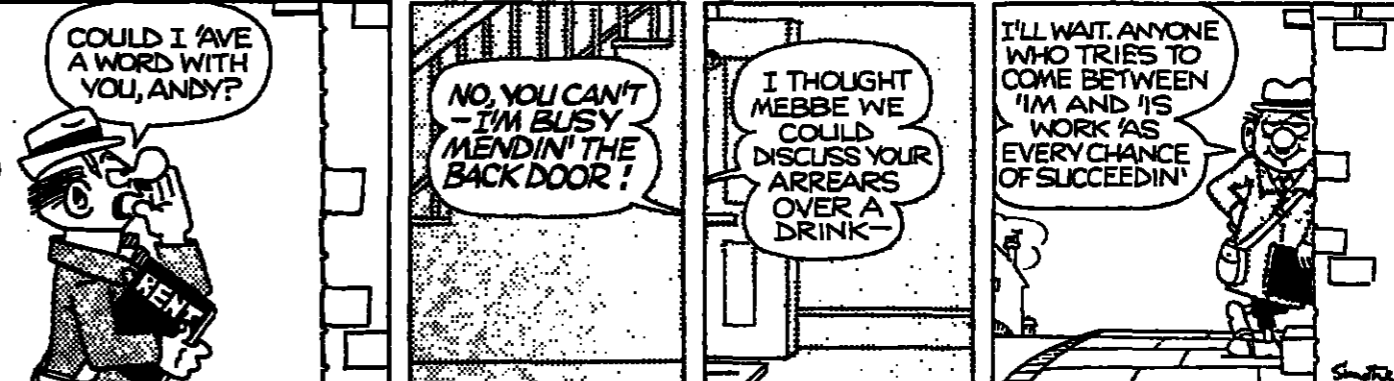
HOW CAN I GET THE SLIVER OUT OF YOUR FINGER IF YOU WON'T LET ME NEAR YOU?

I DON'T WANT YOU POKING AROUND WITH THOSE TWEEZERS!

OKAY, WISE GUY, HOW ARE YOU GONNA GET IT OUT?

IF I SHAKE MY HAND REAL HARD, MAYBE IT'LL FALL OUT!

Andy Capp




COULD I AVE A WORD WITH YOU, ANDY?

NO, YOU CAN'T - I'M BUSY MENDIN' THE BACK DOOR!

I THOUGHT MEBBE WE COULD DISCUSS YOUR ARREARS OVER A DRINK—

I'LL WAIT. ANYONE WHO TRIES TO COME BETWEEN 'IM AND 'IS WORK 'AS EVERY CHANCE OF SUCCEEDIN'!

Mutt 'n' Jeff



URANIUM! THIS IS THE SPOT! LOOK AT THAT NEEDLE GO, JEFF!

WE'RE RICH! MILLIONAIRES!

OKAY START DIGGING THAT HARDPAN!

HOW DEEP'S MUTT'S?

ACCORDING TO THIS READING ABOUT 295 FEET!

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THE BETTER HALF By Vinson



"Yes, he did win a Pulitzer Prize. The reporter had never played poker before."

JUMBLE THAT SCRAMBLED WORD GAME by Henri Arnold and Bob Lee

Unscramble these four Jumbles, one letter to each square, to form four ordinary words.

NOONI
SILLE
LOUHRY
WERKES

WHAT SHE DIDN'T LIKE ABOUT THE PEEPING TOM.

Now arrange the circled letters to form the surprise answer, as suggested by the above cartoon.

Print answer here:

(Answers tomorrow)

Yesterday's Jumbles: BARON IMBUE TRIBAL GUNNER
Answer: High old time in London—BIG BEN

THE Daily Crossword By H. Kermit Jackson

ACROSS	29 Without ambiguity	62 Soul of woe	28 Secular government
1 Office personnel	34 Little bit	65 Spoken	30 Cut grass
6 Sonic reflection	37 Harmonious	67 Florida town	31 Stiffly formal
10 Surrounded by	40 Big-headedness	68 Roman robe	32 Larger than —
14 Tooth	42 Certain tavern keeper	69 Filled tortilla	33 European river
15 At that time	44 Tuneless	71 Polish border river	34 — tasse
16 Dismal	45 Faun kin	72 Inner part	35 Ripening agent
17 Swiftly	47 Mal de —	73 Lay away	36 Philippine knife
18 Pains	48 Bittersweet		38 Cafe patron
19 Mr. Aida	50 Curt		41 Can
20 Built again	52 Existentialist		43 Greek harps
22 "Fulton's Folly"	54 August's children landmark		46 Lure
24 Stomped on	58 Thrifty one		49 Novelist
25 North or South			51 Truman
27 Small type			52 Evoke
			53 Raced again
			55 Poetic muse
			56 Houston athlete
			57 Gape
			58 Japanese statesman
			59 Owl
			60 Anger
			61 Danube tributary
			63 Lap dogs, for short
			66 Old card game

Saturday's Puzzle Solved:

ACROSS: 1. OFFICE, 6. SONIC, 10. SURROUNDED, 14. TOOTH, 15. AT THAT TIME, 16. DISMAL, 17. SWIFTLY, 18. PAINS, 19. MR. AIDA, 20. BUILT AGAIN, 22. "FULTON'S FOLLY", 24. STOMPED ON, 25. NORTH OR SOUTH, 27. SMALL TYPE, 29. WITHOUT, 34. LITTLE BIT, 37. HARMONIOUS, 40. BIG-HEADEDNESS, 42. CERTAIN, 44. TUNELESS, 45. FAUN KIN, 47. MAL DE, 48. BITTERSWEET, 50. CURT, 52. EXISTENTIALIST, 54. AUGUST'S CHILDREN, 58. THRIFTY ONE, 62. SOUL OF WOE, 65. SPOKEN, 67. FLORIDA TOWN, 68. ROMAN ROBE, 69. FILLED, 71. POLISH BORDER, 72. INNER PART, 73. LAY AWAY, 28. SECULAR GOVERNMENT, 30. CUT GRASS, 31. STIFFLY FORMAL, 32. LARGER THAN, 33. EUROPEAN RIVER, 34. TASSE, 35. RIPENING AGENT, 36. PHILIPPINE KNIFE, 38. CAFE PATRON, 41. CAN, 43. GREEK HARPS, 46. LURE, 49. NOVELIST, 51. TRUMAN, 52. EVOKE, 53. RACED AGAIN, 55. POETIC MUSE, 56. HOUSTON ATHLETE, 57. GAPE, 58. JAPANESE STATESMAN, 59. OWL, 60. ANGER, 61. DANUBE TRIBUTARY, 63. LAP DOGS, 66. OLD CARD GAME.

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Solidarity says it accepts Soviet dominance in conciliatory gesture

GDANSK, Sept. 29 (R) — The Solidarity free trade union said today it intended to respect Europe's post-World War II balance of power.

The undertaking was written into a programme scheduled for debate during what is expected to be a marathon policy-making congress in Gdansk, birthplace of the Soviet Bloc's first and only independent labour federation.

"Our national conscience dictates that we respect the balance of power formed after World War II in Europe and our country's place in this balance," the draft programme stated.

"We want to carry out all changes in the country in a way which will not infringe our alliances with the Soviet Union," it added.

A token bow

The pledge to ensure the Soviet Union's security interests was seen as a conciliatory gesture following an unprecedented propaganda offensive by the Kremlin

and its East European allies after the first round of the union's national congress earlier this month.

The congress has been accused of turning into an openly anti-Communist and anti-Soviet forum bent on destroying Socialist and wresting Poland from the Soviet bloc.

Despite the reassuring clause, the bulk of the programmes contained demands which smack of heresy by orthodox Soviet standards.

These included a judiciary independent of Communist control, de-politicising the police, public access to state documents, separation of political and economic power and the right of Solidarity to have its own radio and television station.

The draft also called on Poland to rejoin the International Monetary Fund (IMF) as a way of easing

the burden of repaying debts to the West now estimated at some \$24 billion.

Poland was forced to withdraw from the fund under Soviet pressure following the World War II.

In what amounted to an olive branch to Poland's Communist authorities, the draft called for resumption of union-government talks.

"We do not claim a monopoly of truth," the draft stated. "We are prepared for dialogue. We want honestly and loyally to negotiate with the authorities to find solutions which best serve the country and the cause of worker and civic rights."

Definition

Craving for a definition of what is a unique experiment in post-war Eastern Europe, the document said Solidarity was both a trade union and a social movement born of the mass strike wave of 1980.

At today's session radical delegates renewed their attacks on the union leadership for ignoring the

rank and file in reaching compromise with the government on worker self-management.

The union's leader Lech Walesa was singled out for some particularly bitter attacks, despite the fact that today is his 38th birthday which delegates marked by tossing him in the air and feting him with flowers.

The 898 delegates attending Solidarity's decision-making congress were expected to vote later on a motion criticising the union leadership.

Greek, Turkish aides fail to agree on Cyprus issue

UNITED NATIONS, Sept. 29 (A.P.) — The Greek and Turkish foreign ministers took divergent positions on the status of inter-communal peace talks on Cyprus, an island republic with historic and cultural links to both mainland countries.

Turkish Foreign Minister Iker Turkmen told the 36th session of the U.N. General Assembly that the talks between the Turkish and Greek Cypriot communities had reached a "historic moment". Greek Foreign Minister Constantinos Mitsotakis, on the other hand, said the situation on the divided island had not changed in the last year.

Part of Cyprus still is occupied by Turkey. Refugees make up one-fourth of the population; and 2,000 Greek Cypriots remain unaccounted for since the 1974 Turkish invasion of the island, Mr. Mitsotakis said.

Mr. Turkmen, in his speech, said: "notwithstanding the fearful memories of the brutal past and of the days of oppression and discrimination, the Turkish Cypriots have in a bold move offered to the Greek Cypriots reconciliation aid partnership. This is indeed a historic moment. It should not be allowed to slip away by those who succumb to policies of procrastination due to their lack of vision of their vested interests in and maintenance of the status quo."

Mr. Mitsotakis appealed to the committee on missing persons, a joint Greek and Turkish Cypriot

U.S. publishes details of Soviet military clout

WASHINGTON, Sept. 29 (R) — The U.S. defence department today published a booklet on Soviet military strength to spur America's NATO allies to spend more on arms.

Some 36,000 copies will be sold in the United States and distributed free in Western Europe where there is opposition to NATO plans to deploy new U.S. nuclear missiles.

Titled "Soviet military Power," the 99-page booklet contains maps of Soviet military installations and photographs of new Soviet weapons.

Its publication was suggested last spring by defence ministers of NATO, the North Atlantic Treaty Organisation, after hearing a report by U.S. Defence Secretary Caspar Weinberger on Soviet strength.

NATO sources in Brussels said U.S. intelligence agencies had objected to some classified photographs being included in the booklet, fearing that it might tip off Moscow on how to tighten security.

The sources said that for that reason photos of the Soviet medium-range SS-20 missiles were not included. An artist's drawing of the missile being fired from a truck was published instead.

In an introduction to the book, U.S. Defence Secretary Caspar Weinberger said the Kremlin had deployed some 250 mobile SS-20 missiles, each carrying three nuclear warheads and two-thirds of them aimed at Western Europe.

The booklet also cited increased arms aid by the Soviet Union to its non-Warsaw Pact allies and to Third World countries.

Mr. Weinberger said there was a disturbing tendency among some Europeans to trust the Soviet Union.

Most NATO governments have agreed to deploy new American-built Pershing 2 and Cruise nuclear missiles on their territory. But there is some bitter political and public opposition to the move.

body formed last April, to "begin its work without further delay ... putting an end to the anguish of their (the missing persons) loved ones"

He said propositions by Turkish Cypriots on a territorial settlement — an offer to return a small amount of land to Greek Cypriot rule — are "a small step forward, but they cannot be considered a substantial contribution toward the outcome of the dialogue. Cyprus may prove the 'touchstone' of the United Nations, as it is a small country which has placed all its hope for survival in this organisation, he said.

Tony Benn: another setback

BRIGHTON, Sept. 29 (R) — The left wing of Britain's opposition Labour Party suffered a setback today when five politicians loyal to radical Socialist Tony Benn were swept off the party's key policy-making committee.

Results of an annual election to the party's National Executive Committee (NEC) showed that the balance of power had shifted from left to the centre.

It was the second defeat in 48 hours for the radical left wing. Mr. Benn lost an election for the party's deputy leadership on Sunday.

The major left-wing casualty in today's election, party treasurer Norman Atkinson, was defeated by right-of-centre former industry minister Eric Varley. Mr. Atkinson told reporters that "a significant political shift must now inevitably follow."

Four other left-wingers, including Mrs. Renee Short and Mrs. Margaret Beckett, also left their NEC places to moderates.

The other left-wingers who lost their seats were Bernard Dix and Charles Kelly, both trade unionists who support Mr. Benn. Denis Healey, Labour's deputy leader who defeated Mr. Benn's attempt to oust him by a whisker, said today's NEC elections represented "a fundamental shift in the character of the executive."

Muldoon insists on firm line on sports sanctions by Commonwealth nations

MELBOURNE, Sept. 29 (R) — New Zealand Prime Minister Robert Muldoon demanded that Commonwealth sportsmen should be free to choose whether to play against South Africans.

He said New Zealand might pull out of a 45-nation Commonwealth accord unless the organisation agreed that member governments had no obligation to ban sports links with South Africa.

Mr. Muldoon issued his challenge at a press conference two hours after flying in for a Commonwealth summit starting tomorrow.

He denied that his refusal to ban a recent tour of New Zealand by South Africa's springboks rugby team "breached the 1977 Gleneagles agreement which binds Commonwealth states to discourage sporting ties with South Africa."

He said the agreement called on member governments to take all practical steps to halt such contacts but left it to sportsmen to decide whether to play against South Africans.

"Providing that is understood, then the Gleneagles agreement can carry on intact," Mr. Muldoon said. "If that is not understood and accepted, then there will be no Gleneagles agreement as far as New Zealand is concerned."

Diplomats said Mr. Muldoon's statement raised the prospect of an open row at the summit, although African states have indicated they are dropping demands for tougher sporting restrictions to isolate South Africa.

Earlier, Australian organisers said they were hopeful there would be no serious clash at the eight-day summit over the Springboks tour of New Zealand. The two-month tour marked by violent anti-apartheid demonstrations ended two weeks ago.

Mr. Muldoon, who described the tour as a disaster, declined to say how far he would press his challenge if he fails to get a consensus for his interpretation of the Gleneagles agreement.

The agreement, named after the Scottish hotel where it was negotiated during the 1977 Com-

monwealth summit, is one of a series of international sanctions against South Africa's racial policies. "We either have an agreement, or we do not have an agreement. I hope that we do have an agreement in the terms that we agreed at Gleneagles," the prime minister said.

He said some Commonwealth leaders "take the view... that we undertook to stop sporting contacts with South Africa."

North Italy floods recede

MILAN, Sept. 29 (A.P.) — Floods which struck northern Italy over the past three days began receding today, leaving behind damage estimated at millions of dollars, authorities reported.

Several villages in the Ossola Valley, close to the Swiss border, remained isolated by landslides and army helicopters took food and medicines to villagers in mountainous areas.

Also in the Alto Adige (South Tyrol) region, near Austria, several roads were blocked by landslides.

The Como and Maggiore lakes were still flooding but police said there appeared to be no danger and the water level was going down after torrential downpours stopped.

In the Lake Maggiore resorts of Verbania, Aroca and Pallanza hotels and cafes remained closed. Cellars of many buildings were flooded.

Four days of heavy rain caused untold damage to vineyards in the Piedmont and Trentino-Alto Adige region as grapes ready for picking became mouldy, authorities said.

The onslaught of bad weather, which produced the first snowfalls of the season on the Dolomite Mountains, caused hundreds of tourists to flee from lake and mountainous vacation resort.

U.S. to start SALT next spring

BRUSSELS, Sept. 29 (R) — A senior United States official said today Strategic Arms Limitation Talks (SALT) with the Soviet Union start next February or March.

Mr. Eugene Rostow, director of the U.S. Arms Control and Disarmament Agency, said the talks would be held in Geneva and be closely coordinated with the U.S.-Soviet negotiations on European-based medium-range nuclear missiles opening in the same city on Nov. 30.

Moscow and Washington negotiated and signed a SALT II treaty in 1979 but the agreement has not been ratified by the U.S. Congress. President Reagan wants to start new negotiations for what the U.S. would prefer to call Strategic Arms Reduction Talks (START). "We have confidence we will be ready in time for early in

the spring," Mr. Rostow said.

Mr. Rostow, who briefed the NATO allies yesterday on the emerging U.S. doctrine on arms control, told a news conference: "Our aim is to approach the two negotiations together."

Mr. Rostow said the dividing line between the two sets of weapons was not clear and not permanent since some Soviet strategic weapons could be used against Western Europe as tactical weapons while on the other hand, some medium-range missiles could be easily transformed into strategic ones.

He said he did not know what the Soviet favoured reaction to the U.S. negotiating goal would be. He said this favoured each side keeping a retaliatory power but opposed both a first-strike capacity and any superiority.

The U.S. goal in the negotiations, he said, was a fair, balanced and verifiable agreement.

He said it was possible to reach a quick solution on limiting European medium-range missiles although the U.S. was not banking on it.

Referring to the speedy Soviet build-up of its arsenal of medium-range S.S.-20 missiles, he said: "The greatest danger is not nuclear war but nuclear blackmail, with the possibility of the Soviet Union enjoying the fruits of victory without having to fight."

Mr. Rostow said the U.S. favoured establishing nuclear-free zones such as the one existing in South America and was studying the possibility of devising such a zone for the Middle East to avoid nuclear proliferation.

But he dismissed the idea of a nuclear-free zone in Northern Europe as advocated by the Soviet Union and some Scandinavian countries, including Norway.

WORLD NEWS BRIEFS

Armenian gunmen charged with murder

PARIS, Sept. 29 (R) — Four pro-Armenian gunmen who held 51 hostages at the Turkish consulate in Paris last week have been charged with the murder of a security guard and the attempted murder of the vice-consul, court sources said. A Turkish security guard was fatally wounded and the vice-consul shot close to the heart soon after the guerrillas stormed the consulate. The gunmen, who said they belonged to the Armenian Secret Army for the Liberation of Armenia and demanded freedom for Armenian political prisoners alleged to be held in Turkey, surrendered after 15 hours and asked for political asylum. But the French external relations ministry called their action an unacceptable attack on human rights and said they would be tried on criminal charges.

U.S. advisers remain in El Salvador

WASHINGTON, Sept. 29 (A.P.) — American military advisers will remain in El Salvador for the "foreseeable future" as that country's civilian-military junta continues its war against leftist guerrillas, a U.S. defence department spokesman says. Lt. Col. Jerry Grohowski said 31 non-combat U.S. advisers are now in the Central American country, compared with 56 who went there in March when President Ronald Reagan's administration vowed to "draw the line" against "Communist aggression" in El Salvador. The continued U.S. military presence comes despite a defence department statement last March that the advisers would be brought home by September. In that statement, however, the defence department did leave open the possibility that "some others might be sent in."

Polisario attacks Portuguese boat

LISBON, Sept. 29 (R) — One Portuguese fisherman was killed and three were wounded when Polisario guerrillas attacked their boat off the disputed Western Sahara at the weekend, port authorities at Sines, southern Portugal, have said. A port spokesman said the boat, the Porto Ceu, had been fishing off the Western Sahara coast when it was attacked by two Polisario launches on Saturday night. He said the Porto Ceu was making its way back to Sines, its home port. Last year, Polisario guerrillas captured the crew of a Portuguese fishing boat, but later released them after the Lisbon government intervened.

Belgian elections to be held Nov. 8

BRUSSELS, Sept. 29 (R) — Belgium will go to the polls on Nov. 8 following Deputy Prime Minister Willy Claes's failure to break week-old political deadlock. Caretaker Prime Minister Marc Eyskens announced the election date after a cabinet meeting last evening. Belgium was plunged into political crisis last week when Mr. Eyskens submitted the resignation of his four party coalition government, split on aid to Belgium's troubled steel industry. King Baudouin then asked Mr. Claes to try to form a new coalition. But he gave up the bid early yesterday, saying elections were the only way out of the crisis.

CIA denies plot to kill Qadhafi

WASHINGTON, Sept. 29 (R) — The Central Intelligence Agency (CIA) has denied a report by columnist Ack Anderson that it had plotted with a former agent to kill Libyan leader Muammar Qadhafi, in his syndicated column published today. Mr. Anderson said CIA officials met former agent Edwin Wilson in Rome in July to discuss a plot to kill Col. Qadhafi. He said they planned to use a poison dart disguised as a black fly. Wilson was indicted last year on charges that he illegally furnished explosives to Libya. He later fled the United States. "We are denying that we ever met with Mr. Wilson in Rome to discuss an assassination attempt," a CIA spokesman said. The spokesman said the CIA was prohibited from making assassination attempts or even discussing any such attempts and it observed these restrictions rigidly.

Chinese life expectancy rate up

PEKING, Sept. 29 (R) — Life expectancy in the People's Republic of China has become 68 years in 1980 compared with 35 in 1949, the year the Communists took power, according to a government report. Infant mortality is now down to between two and three per cent in the countryside, the Public Health Ministry said last night. It also said smallpox has been wiped out and diseases such as bubonic plague, typhus and venereal disease have been largely eliminated.

Haven for IRA across the republic's border

ROSSLEA, Northern Ireland, Sept. 29 (A.P.) — Irish Republican Army guerrillas recently ambushed a British army patrol near this border village, fought a five-minute gun battle, then fled into the Irish Republic.

Raids launched from IRA strongholds in the overwhelmingly Roman Catholic Republic into the British ruled provinces are a daily fact of life along the 483 kilometre border.

British officials and Northern Ireland's million-strong Protestant majority claim the republic is a haven for the almost exclusively Roman Catholic IRA, which is fighting to end London's rule.

This is vigorously denied by the government in Dublin but the republic refuses under its 1936 constitution to extradite fugitives to the British. This thorny problem has undermined reconciliation efforts between the two parts of the divided emerald isle.

Police in Belfast said courts in the republic have rejected nearly 80 extradition warrants in the last nine years after the fugitives claimed they were politically motivated.

A senior police official in Belfast, who declined to be identified for security reason, claimed there are at least 50 IRA fugitives wanted for killings and other terrorist-related offenses now walking free in the republic. Police sources said one is a veteran IRA gunman suspected of 27 killings in Northern Ireland.

Five years ago, the republic signed a joint criminal law (jurisdiction) act with the British under which persons wanted for crimes in one part of Ireland could be tried for them in the other.

Authorities on both sides of the border have shown little enthusiasm for using the legislation. British officials said it is "a poor substitute" for an extradition agreement because Royal Ulster Constabulary detectives cannot interrogate suspects arrested in the republic and because of complex procedures over witnesses.

The law has only been used a half-dozen times. Five men arrested in the republic for crimes allegedly committed in the north have all been set free by Irish courts on grounds of lack of evidence.

This has reinforced the widely held belief among northern Protestants that the republic's government lacks the political will to root out the militant Nationalists.

The Dublin government, which has condemned IRA violence, in turn cites the hundreds of men and women jailed by non-jury, anti-terrorist courts in recent years for IRA membership. Some 150 guerrillas, including some top IRA commanders, now are behind bars in the republic.

Many Irishmen oppose the IRA's methods but support the guerrillas aim of a reunited Ireland. Sympathy is particularly strong along the meandering border in counties Donegal, Monaghan and Louth.

Two convicted IRA men in Northern Ireland's Maze prison were elected to the republic's parliament last June. One, Kieran Doherty, was on hunger strike and died Aug. 2 after fasting 73 days.

Dublin officials noted that while the Irish government shares Britain's aim of defeating the IRA it considered that agreeing to the protestants' recurrent demands would boost their prospects of restoring "Loyalist" rule in Belfast, setting back reunification prospects by years.

Belize -- turning question marks into a promise

By Hugh O'Shaughnessy

BELIZE CITY — Belize, Britain's last colony on the American mainland, achieved independence this month. Although the future is uncertain because of the territorial claims of neighbouring Guatemala, Belize could become a haven of stability and investment in the area.

Belize, Britain's last colony on the American continent, which became independent this month, is a modest and down at heel sort of place.

Belize City, the principal port and commercial centre of this 9,000 sq. mile country, has many times been ravaged by hurricanes. The last one, Hurricane Hattie, was in 1961. But from the look of the city, where a third of the 140,000 Belizeans live, it could have been much more recently.

Low-lying and set in mangrove swamps, Belize City looks out on to the Caribbean. The peeling and scruffy facades of the main buildings contain equally scruffy shops and offices. There is no sewage system and precious little land to build on in the fetid bog surrounding it. There are no international hotels, precious few restaurants and in spite of being Belize's main port of entry, the tiny jetty can handle only the shallowest of cargo vessels.

Belmopan, the seat of government for the newly independent Belize, is surely the world's smallest capital city. A mini Brasilia of 6,000 inhabitants, Belmopan was built after Hurricane Hattie in the cooler foothills of the Maja range, an hour's drive along one of the two roads that link Belize City with the outside world.

Belmopan's shopping facilities consist of a score of market stalls and a couple of small self-service stores. The financial centre of Belmopan is made up of the agencies of Barclays Bank and the Royal

Bank of Canada — both of the size to be found in one of the smaller English villages. These and the market stalls nestle at the foot of a small knoll on which stand the legislature and government offices, monumental in their architectural concept but the size of a small British town hall.

The only sign of diplomatic activity in Belmopan is a small notice in English and Spanish, which announces that the Mexican embassy is being built on the site. There is no sign of construction work.

Belize is so small that it can offer neither a domestic market to sustain any major industry, nor the manpower to staff it. The principal manufacturing activity is Tate and Lyle's Orange Walk installations, which can produce 115,000 tonnes of sugar a year. Last year, these provided export revenues of nearly \$50 million (£27.8 million), or 40 per cent of total exports.

The uncertain political future of Belize has been a further brake in its economic growth. Belize's immediate neighbour, Guatemala, with more than 20 times its population, a country which has been in increasing political turmoil, has for more than a century claimed sovereignty over Belize on the basis of shadowy historical precedents dating from the time of the Spanish empire.

In spite of Guatemala's claims, Belize became independent this month without recognition from the Guatemalan military regime, which has also closed the border.

In the light of the continuing threat to Belize from Guatemala, Britain is keeping a military garrison with about 1,600 men in Belize for the foreseeable future. The tiny Belize Defence Force, though being expanded and trained up quickly, would clearly be incapable of holding at bay an invading Guatemalan army on its own.

The political uncertainty in Belize has not been good for business. Foreign investment is minimal and many of Belize's most highly-skilled people have left to take up jobs in the U.S. or other parts of the Caribbean.

Belize has recorded a real economic growth of 1 or 2 per cent a year over the past two years. The only area of major economic expansion has been in trade, Belize serving as a useful entrepot for

the re-export of goods into Mexico. The value of Belize's imports for domestic use and re-export is, at \$140 million, greater than the country's whole domestic production.

At present, however, the gloomy economic situation is overlaid with some optimism for the future. Mr. George Price, a veteran politician, who has been prime minister for decades and has fought for independence against the considerable odds of Guatemala, opposition, is seeing his dream come true. As Guatemala slides increasingly into bloodshed and political chaos, Belize under his leadership is looking ever more attractive — at least by comparison with its neighbours.

There is 90 per cent literacy in the country's twin languages, English and Spanish. There is an effective parliamentary government with free speech and a free society. The political stability of Belize should be reinforced from now on with a flow of funds from international financial institutions such as the World Bank and the Inter-American Development Bank, which Belize hopes to join soon.

There is even hope that the country's chronic labour shortage will improve. The Belizean economy is comparatively strong. While many central American countries have suffered wild currency devaluation recently and Guatemala this month imposed rigorous exchange controls, U.S. dollars are freely available in Belize. They circulate freely at the constant exchange rate of two Belize dollars for one U.S. dollar.

Successive U.S. administrations have been afraid of Cuban political influence in a free Belize and have been haunted by the prospect of Belize becoming an entrepot for arms for central American revolutionaries. However, there is no sign whatever of this happening. Mr. Price has no sympathy at all with Marxism-Leninism and Marxist-Leninist influence in the country is minimal.